JVC

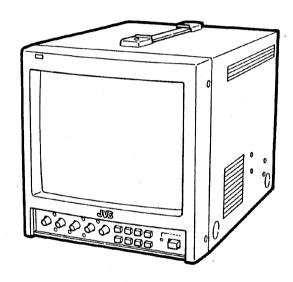
SERVICE MANUAL

COLOUR VIDEO MONITOR

TM-1010PN

BASIC CHASSIS

B10



CONTENTS

	SPECIFICATIONS	:	2
*	OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS	1-	1
	SAFETY PRECAUTIONS	,	3
	SPECIFIC SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS		4
	SERVICE ADJUSTMENTS		
*	STANDARD CIRCUIT DIAGRAM	2-	1
	PARTS LIST	1	9

■ CHANGED PARTS LIST

	Ref		Parts No.	Davida Nassa	Remarks
	No.	TM-1010PN	TM-1010PN/A	Parts Name	Remarks
• E	KPLODE	D VIEW PART LIST (Page 2	21)		
Δ	32	CM22867-A27(R)	LC20405-006A-0L	Roll R Label	
• P/	ACKING	PART LIST (Page 31)			
	1	CP11224-A40	LC10453-048A-H	Packing Case	
	11	CM47385-00A	CM47385-00B-H	Pos/serial Label	

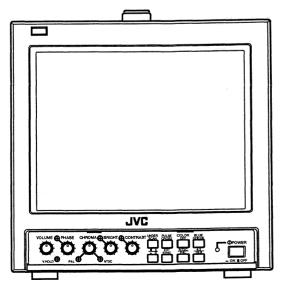


VICTOR COMPANY OF JAPAN, LIMITED
TELEVISION RECEIVER DIVISION 1106 Heta, Iwai-city, Ibaraki-prefecture, 306-0698, Japan

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS (TM-1010PN-K)

COLOUR VIDEO MONITOR

TM-1010PN TM-1010PN-K **INSTRUCTIONS**



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

In order to prevent any fatal accidents caused by misoperation or mishandling of the monitor, be fully aware of all the following precautions.

WARNINGS

Dangerous high voltages are present inside the unit. Do not remove the back cover of the cabinet. When servicing the monitor, contact qualified service To prevent fire or shock hazard, do not expose this personnel. Never try to service it yourself. monitor to rain or moisture.

WARNING: THIS APPARATUS MUST BE EARTHED.

January 18, 1991: The sound pressure level at the operator position is equal or less than 70 dB (A) according to ISO 7779. Machine Noise Information Ordinance 3. GSGV,

way no longer meets the standards of certification, and must therefore no longer be operated. voltage or changing the type of tube may result in x-ray emission of considerable dose. A unit altered in such a Improper operations, in particular alteration of high

PRECAUTIONS

- Use only the power source specified on the unit.
 When not using this unit for a long period of time, or when
- cleaning it, be sure to disconnect the power plug from the AC outlet (or DC power plug from the DC battery). Do not allow anything to rest on the power cord.
 - And do not place this unit where people will tread on the Do not overload wall outlets or power cords as this can
 - Avoid using this unit under the following conditions: result in a fire or electric shock.
 - in extremely hot, cold or humid places,
- near appliances generating strong magnetic fields, in places subject to direct sunlight, in dusty places,
 - in automobiles with doors closed. in badly ventilated places,
- Do not cover the ventilation slots while in operation as this When dust accumulates on the screen surface, clean it could obstruct the required ventilation flow.
- Unplug this unit from the AC outlet (or DC power plug from the DC battery) and refer servicing to qualified service with a soft cloth.

personnel under the following conditions:

- when the power cord is frayed or the plug is damaged, - if the unit has been dropped or the cabinet has been - if liquid has been spilled into the unit,
- removing covers may expose you to dangerous voltage or other hazards. Always refer servicing to qualified service when the unit exhibits a distinct change in performance. Do not attempt to service this unit yourself as opening or
- original parts. Use of manufacturer's specified replacement When replacement parts are required, have the service personnel verify in writing that the replacement parts he/ Upon completion of any servicing or repair work to this she uses have the same safety characteristics as the unit, please ask the service personnel to perform the parts can prevent fire, shock, or other hazards.
- When this unit reaches the end of its useful life, improper disposal could result in a picture tube implosion. Ask qualified service personnel to dispose of this unit.

safety check described in the manufacturer's service

POWER CONNECTION for TM-1010PN-K (U.K. only)

• The TM-1010PN-K power cord (for the United Kingdom) has a fuse built into the plug connecting to the AC outlet.

WARNING

home or the cable is too short to reach a power point, then DO NOT cut off the mains plug from this equipment. If the plug fitted is not suitable for the power points in your obtain an appropriate safety approved extension lead or adaptor or consult your dealer. If nonetheless the mains plug is cut off, remove the fuse and dispose of the plug immediately, to avoid a possible shock hazard by inadvertent connection to the mains supply. If a new mains plug has to be fitted, then follow the instruction

given below:

THIS APPARATUS MUST BE EARTHED. WARNING:

IMPORTANT.

The wires in the mains lead on this product are coloured in accordance with the following code:

Green-and-yellow : Earth Blue : Neutral

marking identifying the terminals in your plug, proceed as follows: As these colours may not correspond with the coloured

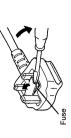
The wire which is coloured green-and-yellow must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter E or the safety earth symbol (\$\frac{1}{2}\$) or coloured green or green-and-The wire which is coloured blue must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter N or coloured black.

The wire which is coloured brown must be connected to the

When replacing the fuse, be sure to use only a correctly rated approved type, re-fit the fuse cover. terminal which is marked with the letter L or coloured red.

IF IN DOUBT — CONSULT A COMPETENT ELECTRICIAN.

Open the fuse compartment with the blade screwdriver, and How To Replace The Fuse replace the fuse.



CONTENTS

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS2	CONTROLS AND FEATURES4	BASIC CONNECTION EXAMPLE8	TROUBLESHOOTING9	SPECIFICATIONS 10
S	\ddot{o}	B /	۲	Ŗ

SCREEN BURN

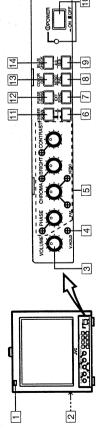
 It is not recommended to keep a certain still image displayed on screen for a long time as well as displaying extremely bright images on screen. This may cause a burning (sticking) phenomenon on the screen of cathode-ray tube. This problem does not occur as far as displaying normal video playback motion images. B

2

ICONTROLS AND FEATURES

Front

<Front Panel>



1 Tally lamp

Indicates that a control signal is being received. The tally lamp functions when the control signal is input to the TALLY/REMOTE terminal on the rear panel.

2 Speaker

A built-in speaker is located inside the left side panel.

3 VOLUME control

Adjusts the speaker volume.

Use a small-bladed screwdriver to adjust the image's 4 V.HOLD control vertical stability.

5 Picture control section

PHASE, CHROMA, BRIGHT and CONTRAST controls

each control to the center click position. To adjust a setting, insert a small-bladed screwdriver into the space around the knob and turn it to the desired position. When adjusting, use the small-bladed screwdriver and insert it into the control hole around the required control The standard setting mode can be obtained by setting are available.

■ PHASE control

Adjusts picture hue.

Adjusts picture colour density. BRIGHT control

Adjusts picture brightness. CONTRAST control Adjusts picture contrast.

Notes:

The PHASE control is effective only in the NTSC colour system mode.

The standard CHROMA setting can be adjusted to suit the NTSC or PAL colour system.

6 VIDEO A/B switch

Selects the video signal input to the video input terminals on the rear panel.

A (II) : Selects the video signal input to VIDEO A

Checks the retrace period (sync signal) by delaying the

12 PULSE CROSS switch

(-): Under scan screen (II) : Over scan screen

(-): Retrace period display screen

(II): Normal screen

B (_) : Selects the video signal input to VIDEO B

Note:

composite VIDEO terminals. Y/C inputs have priority. * VIDEO B terminals include both Y/C (S-Video) and

7 EXT SYNC switch

Selects internal sync or external sync. When using with the external sync, input the sync signal to the EXT SYNC terminal on the rear panel.

(II): Internal sync

(=): External sync

Selects the NTSC or PAL colour system. NTSC (II): For NTSC colour system. 8 NTSC/PAL switch

PAL (_) : For PAL colour system. 9 4:3/16:9 switch

Selects the aspect ratio (4:3 or 16:9) of the picture displayed on the screen.

. 16:9

Note:

When a 4:3 picture is viewed in the 16:9 mode, the size of the image is reduced vertically.

10 POWER switch/POWER indicator

Press this switch to turn the power on or off.

ON (__): Power is turned on and the power indicator

Selects the screen mode (colour or B/W). Useful when you want to check the white balance.

(II): Colour screen

(-): B/W screen

13 COLOR OFF (colour off) switch

OFF (II) : Power is turned off and the power indicator goes off.

(I): Normal screen phase adjustment.

If the battery expires while the monitor is operated with

Note:

DC power supply (the voltage level drops), the green POWER indicator changes to red, the power automatically goes off. Make sure you switch off the

indicator changes to orange, then to red. When the

Selects the screen mode (normal or monochrome blue screen). Useful when you want to check the chroma and

14 BLUE CHECK switch

The PHASE adjustment is effective only in the NTSC Note:

colour system mode. [How to adjust]

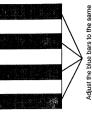
Selects the scanning mode (over scan screen or under

power before replacing the battery.

11 UNDER SCAN switch

Select the monochrome blue screen mode and input colour bar signals in the order of brightness.

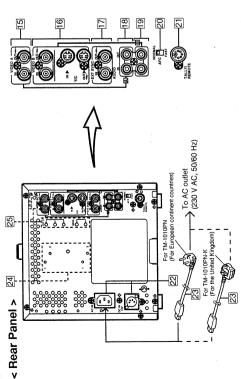
density and brightness of each blue bar are the same. 2. Adjust the CHROMA and PHASE controls until the



density and brightness.

(continued on the next page →)

Rear



15 VIDEO A terminals

Video signal input (IN) and output (OUT) terminals. The output terminal is bridge-connected.

OUT: Bridge-connected video signal output terminal : Video signal input terminal

Notes:

For corresponding audio signals, use the AUDIO A terminals 18

* Also refer to the Basic Connection Example on page 8. 16 VIDEO B terminals

both composite and Y/C-separated (S-Video) terminals Video signal input (IN) and output (OUT) terminals for Each output terminal is bridge-connected.

IN : Video signal input terminal OUT: Bridge-connected video signal output terminal [BNC terminals]

[Y/C (mini-DIN 4-pin) terminals]

: Y/C-separated (S-Video) signal input terminal OUT: Bridge-connected Y/C signal output terminal

For corresponding audio signals, use the AUDIO B

Y/C- terminal has priority. terminals [19]

Also refer to the Basic Connection Example on page 8.

■ Y/C terminal pin layout

Ą	Ø

Z/C

۵			
	Ą	<u></u>	(1. K.)
	Δ Z	ဎၟ	0410

o. Signal	(Y) GND (Y)	(C) GND	>	ပ
Pin No.	-	2	60	4
	~	· -	<u> </u>	۰ ۲

17 EXT SYNC terminals

External sync signal input (IN) and output (OUT) terminals.

Input terminal for the external sync signal OUT: Bridge-connected output terminal The output terminal is bridge-connected.

Note:

* Also refer to the Basic Connection Example on page 8.

Input (IN) and output (OUT) terminals for the audio signal corresponding to the VIDEO A terminals (£). The output terminal is bridge-connected. 18 AUDIO A terminals

OUT: Bridge-connected output terminal IN : Audio input terminal

Note:

* For corresponding video signals, use the VIDEO A terminals 15 Input (IN) and output (OUT) terminals for the audio signal corresponding to the VIDEO B terminals [18]. The output terminal is bridge-connected.

19 AUDIO B terminals

OUT: Bridge-connected output terminal IN : Audio input terminal

Note:

For corresponding video signals, use the VIDEO B terminals [16].

ENGLISH

Pin Pin	No. Signal	GND	1		4 12 V DC
	Pin No.	1	2	3	4

when both AC and DC power supplies are connected. In

■ DC IN 12V connector pin layout press it again to turn the power ON.

DC IN

0 N

გ ლ დ

AC input has priority.

• The DC power supply does not automatically take over if an AC outlet is unplugged or the AC power is cut off this case, press the POWER switch to set to OFF, then

(Whichever switch is pressed first has priority so remote switches may not function if the panel switches are ON • When you're controlling the monitor externally via the TALLY/REMOTE terminal, set all corresponding switches on the front panel to the OFF (**I**) position.

■ TALLY/REMOTE terminal pin layout

* See your dealer for more information on 12 V DC power

AC IN connector can function between 100 and 230 V

AC, 50/60 Hz.

supply.

* When both AC IN and DC IN connectors are used, the

Connect the provided AC power cord between the AC IN connector and an AC outlet (230 V AC, 50/60 Hz).

Supply power to either the AC IN or DC IN 12 V

22 Power input connector

Connect the 12 V DC power plug to the DC IN 12V

[DC IN 12V]

FAST position : Fast mode (fast: smaller time constant)

21 TALLY/REMOTE terminal

Selects the AFC (Automatic Frequency Control) time

20 AFC switch

Correct the skewed portion of the picture. constant for the horizontal sync circuit

NORM position: Normal mode

[AC IN]

connector. Notes:

External control terminal (DIN 8-pin), Tally lamp, VIDEO A/B (input selection), Under Scan, External Sync, 4:3/16:9 (aspect ratio), Pulse Cross, and Colour Off modes can be

controlled from an external unit.

Note:

23 Power cord

Connect the provided power cord (230 V AC, 50/60 Hz) to the AC IN connector.

Notes:

The TM-1010PN power cord is for use in European

ON/OFF

Signal

Pin No.

ΑB

INPUT SELECT

(VIDEO A/B) TALLY lamp

Kingdom only. (The power cord for the United Kingdom * The TM-1010PN-K power cord is for use in the United has a fuse built into the plug to the AC outlet.)

24 External battery mounting holes

Attach an external battery to either pair of holes (1 or 2) to use 12 V DC power (depending on the type of battery).

4:3/16:9

ASPECT RATIO (4:3/16:9) PULSE CROSS

(External Sync) UNDER SCAN

EXT SYNC

4

ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF

ON/OFF

COLOR OFF

9

(colour off) GND

ω

Notes:

External batteries manufactured by PAG or Anton Bauer

25|Switch/control adjustment holes for service * See your dealer for details. are available.

For adjustment of SET UP switch, CUT OFF (B, R, G) control and DRIVE (R, G) control during servicing. Note:

personnel

These controls are exclusively for the use of service personnel. Do not attempt to adjust them.yourself.

9

I BASIC CONNECTION EXAMPLE

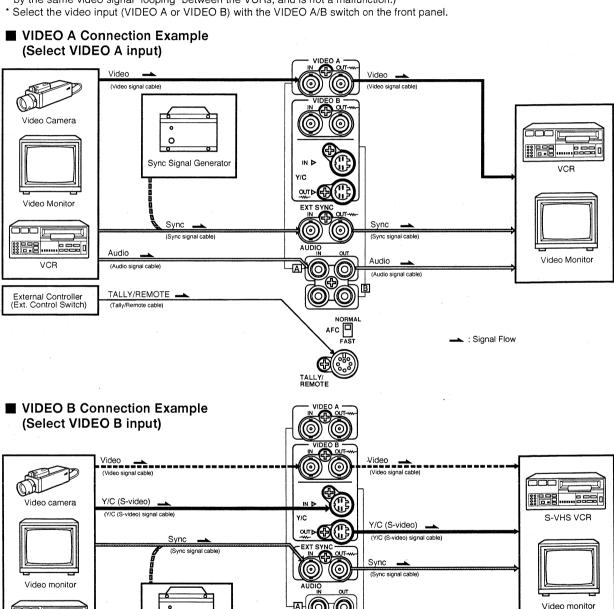
* Before connecting your system, make sure that all units are turned off.

Sync Signal Generator

TALLY/REMOTE

(Tally/Remote cable)

- * The illustration below shows some examples of different connections. Terminal connections may differ depending on the component connected. Be sure to refer to the instructions provided with the unit(s) you are connecting.
- * Each pair of input (IN) and output (OUT) terminals are bridge-connected. Do not connect input and output terminals inversely.
- * If you're not connecting any equipment to a bridged output (OUT) terminal, be sure not to connect any other cables to the bridged output (OUT) terminal as this will cause the terminating resistance switch to open (auto terminate function).
- * When making a bridge connection, connect the input (IN) and output (OUT) terminals on the monitor to separate video components.
 - (For example, if both terminals are connected to the same VCR, resonance may occur except during playback. This is caused by the same video signal "looping" between the VCRs, and is not a malfunction.)



Audio Audio

: Signal Flow

S-VHS VCR

External Controller (Ext. Control Switch)

TROUBLESHOOTING

Solutions to common problems related to your monitor are described here. If none of the solutions presented here solves the problem, unplug the monitor and consult a JVC-authorized dealer or service center for assistance.

Problems	Points to be checked	Measures		
No power supply.	Is the AC or DC power plug loosened or disconnected?	Firmly insert the power plug.		
	Is the battery fully charged (when using DC power)?	Charge the battery, or replace it with a charged battery. (Refer to the instructions provided with the battery.)		
No picture with the power on.	Is the video signal output from the connected component?	Set the connected component correctly.		
·	Is the input signal selected properly?	Select the required video signal input with the VIDEO A/B switch. (See page 4.)		
	Is the video cable disconnected?	Connect the video signal cable firmly. (See page 8.)		
No sound.	Is the audio signal output from the connected component?	Set the connected component correctly.		
	Is the volume output set at the minimum position?	Adjust the VOLUME control. (See page 4.)		
	Is the audio cable disconnected?	Connect the audio signal cable firmly. (See page 8.)		
Shaking picture. Is the monitor close to a device generating a strong magnetic field (motor, transformer, etc.)?		Move the device away from the monitor until the picture stabilizes.		
No colour, wrong colour, or dark	Is the colour system selected properly?	Set the colour system correctly with the NTSC/ PAL switch. (See page 4.)		
picture.	Is the COLOR OFF (colour off) switch set properly?	Set the COLOR OFF (colour off) switch to the OFF (■) position. (See page 5.)		
	Has the picture control setting (CONTRAST, BRIGHT, CHROMA or PHASE) been changed?	Set each picture control to the standard setting (center) position. (See page 4.)		
Unnatural, irregularly coloured, or distorted picture.	Is the monitor close to a speaker, magnet or any other device generating a strong magnetic field?	Move the device away from the monitor and turn the monitor's power off. Wait at least 30 minutes, then turn the power on again.		
Dark stripes at the top and bottom of the screen, picture vertically squeezed.	Is the aspect ratio set to 16:9 (_)?	Press the 4:3/16:9 switch to restore the normal 4:3 mode (■). (See page 4.)		
Picture flows.	Is the EXT SYNC switch set properly?	Set the EXT SYNC switch properly. (See page 4.)		
Front panel switches do not function.	Is the monitor being controlled by an external control unit via the TALLY/REMOTE terminal?	Set the control on the external unit of the same function as that on the monitor's front panel to the OFF (I) position, or disconnect the unit from the TALLY/REMOTE terminal. (See page 7 and 8.)		
External control not possible with the unit connected to TALLY/ REMOTE terminal.	Is the switch on the front panel of the same function as that on the external control unit to the ON (_) position?	Set the control on the front panel of the same function as that on the external control unit to the OFF (■) position. (See pages 4, 5, 7 and 8.)		

The following are not malfunctions:

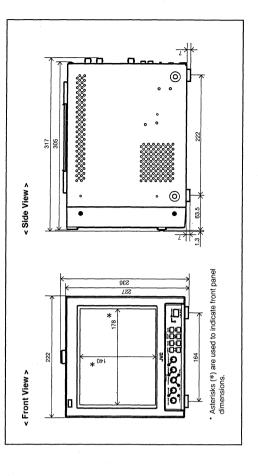
- When a bright still image (such as a white cloth) is displayed for a long period, it may appear to be coloured. This is due to the structure of the cathode ray tube and will be deleted when another image is displayed.
- You experience a mild electric shock when you touch the picture tube. This phenomenon is due to a normal buildup of static electricity on the CRT and is not harmful.
- The monitor emits a strange sound when the room temperature changes suddenly. This is only a problem if an abnormality appears on the screen as well.

SPECIFICATIONS

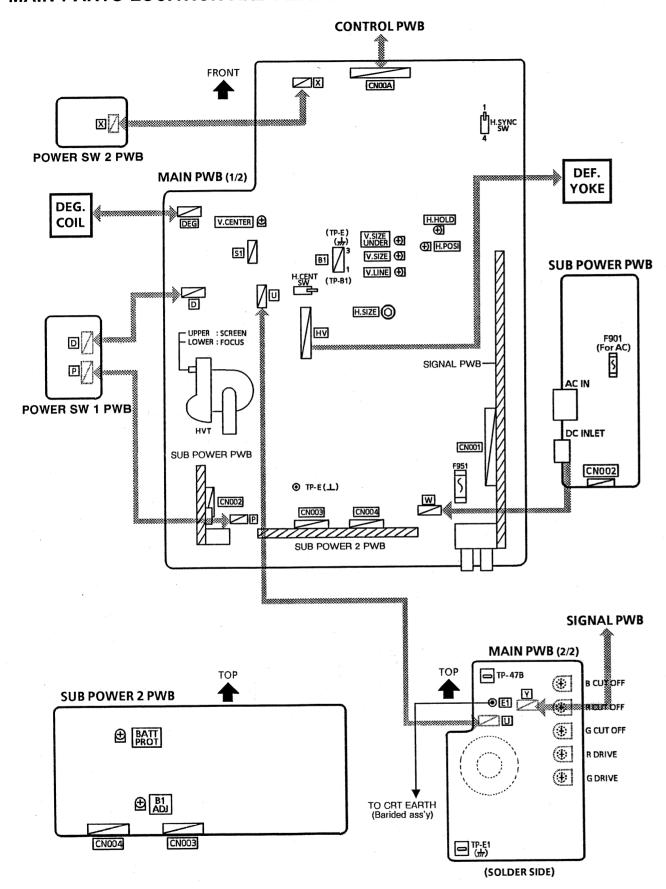
Colour video monitor External sync : Composite sync NTSC, PAL Szem measured diagonally, flat- Square VPD (bridge connection possible, (bridge connection possible, 30° deffection, in-line gun,	type (phosphor = TallyRemote : 1 line, DIN 8-pin x 1 mm) = Audio power output : 1 W (monaural) nm = Built-in speaker : 8 cm round x 1 nm nm mm	(NTSC) conditions : Operation temperature: (PAL) conditions O-40 °C (PAL) Operation burnicity: (PSC) Operation burnicity: (PSC) Operation burnicity:	nore (Y/C input Power requirements : 2	nector x 2,	ic Power consumption : 0.41A (2 e, 3.5A (12) In Dimensions :	egative sync	14-pin (approx, 2 m) x 1 TM-1010PhvK: for the United TM-600phvK: for the United	rTSC) .) ssible,	I), RCA pin x 2 Impedance on possible)
: Colour video monitor : NTSC, PAL : 25cm measured diagonall square type, 90° deflection, in-line gun,	vertical line trio type (phosphor stripe pitch 0.5 mm) : Width 175 mm Height 137 mm	Diagonal 222 mm : (H) 15.734 kHz (NTSC) 15.625 kHz (PAL) (V) 59.94 Hz (NTSC) 50.94 Hz (NTSC)	: 280 TV lines or mode)	: Composite video: 1 line, BNC connector x 2,	1 Vp-p, 75 Ω, negative sync (bridge connection possible,	auto termination)Composite video:1 line, BNC connector x 2,	 Vp-p, 75 Ω negative sync (bridge connection possible, auto termination) Y/C-separated: 	1 line, mini-DIN 4-pin connector \times 2 Y: 1.0 Vp-p, 75 Ω	C: 0.286 Vp-p, 75 \Omega (NTSC) 0.3 Vp-p, 75 \Omega (PAL) (bridge connection possible, auto termination) • YC priority when both	connected : 1 line (monaural), RCA pin x 2 0.5 V rms, high-impedance (bridge connection possible) : 1 line (monaural) RCA pin x 2
■ Type ■ Colour system ■ Picture tube	■ Effective screen size	Scanning frequency	■ Horizontal resolution	VIDEO A		VIDEO B				AUDIO A

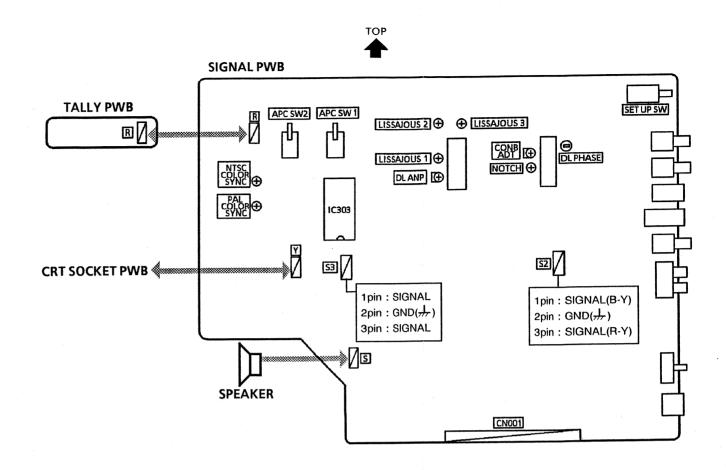
Illustrations used in this manual are for explanatory purposes only. The appearance of the actual product may differ slightly.
 E. & O. E. Design and specifications subject to change without notice.

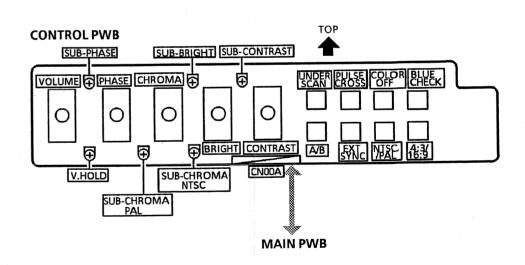
■ Dimensions Unit: mm

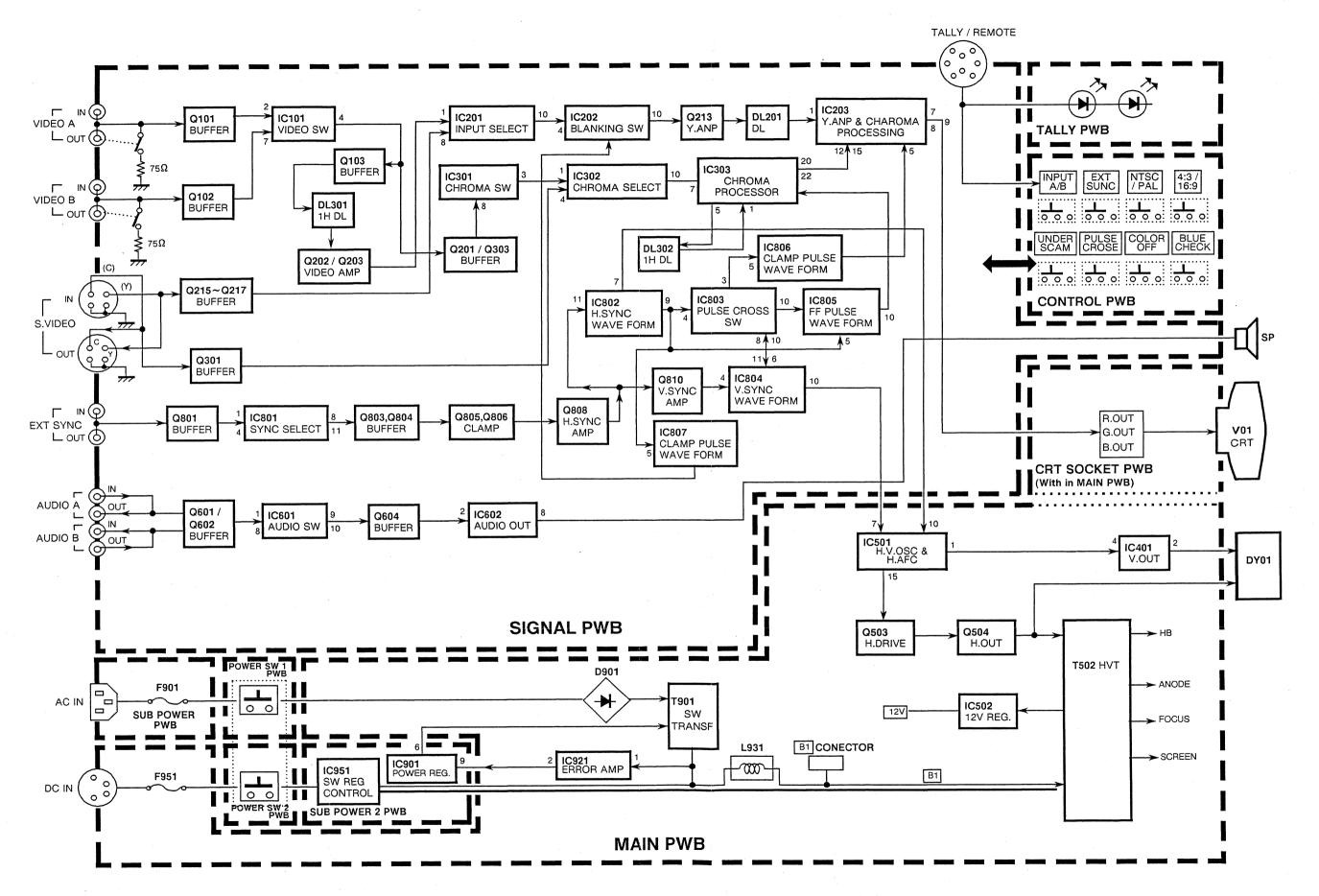


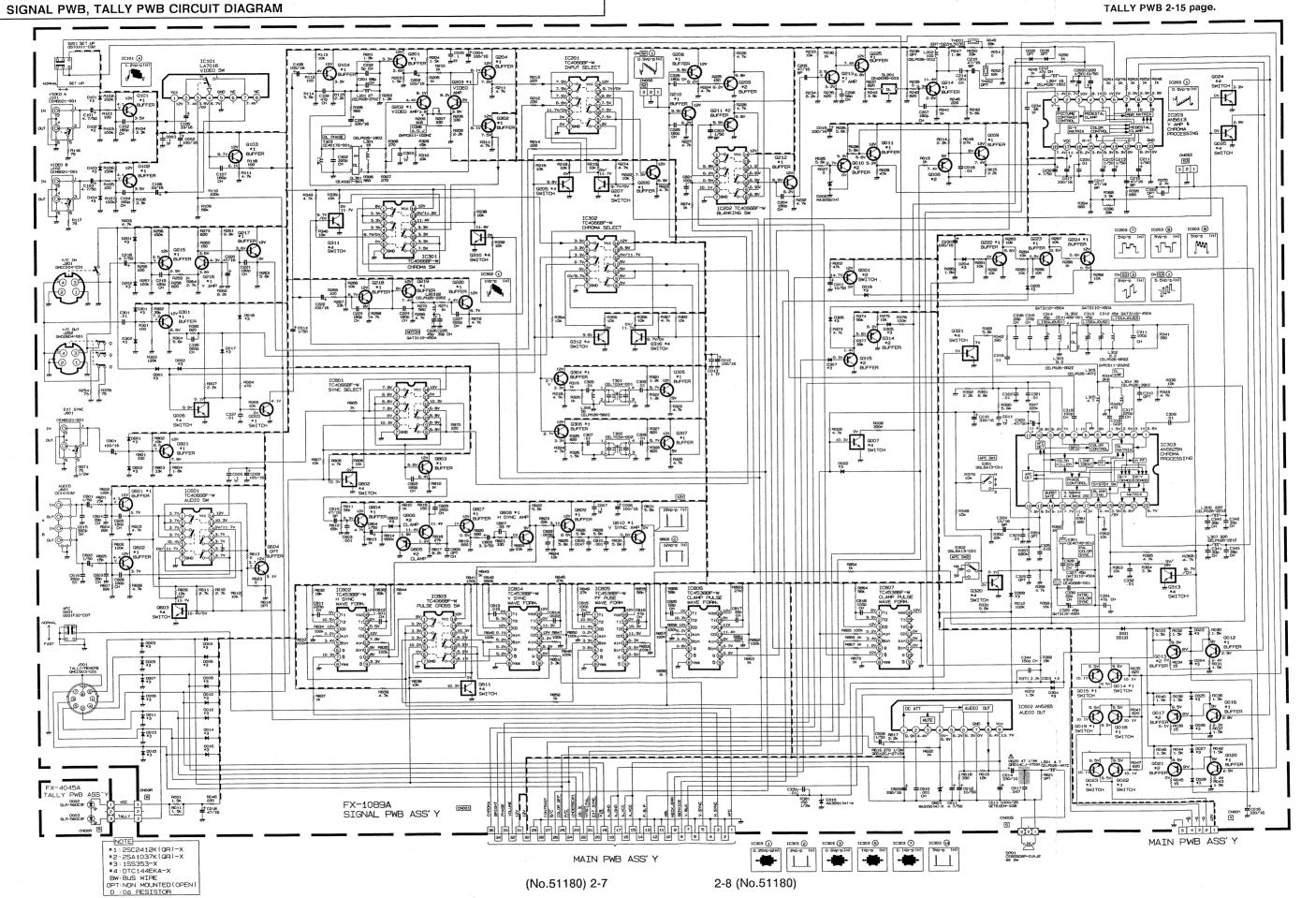
MAIN PARTS LOCATION AND ALIGNMENTS LOCATION











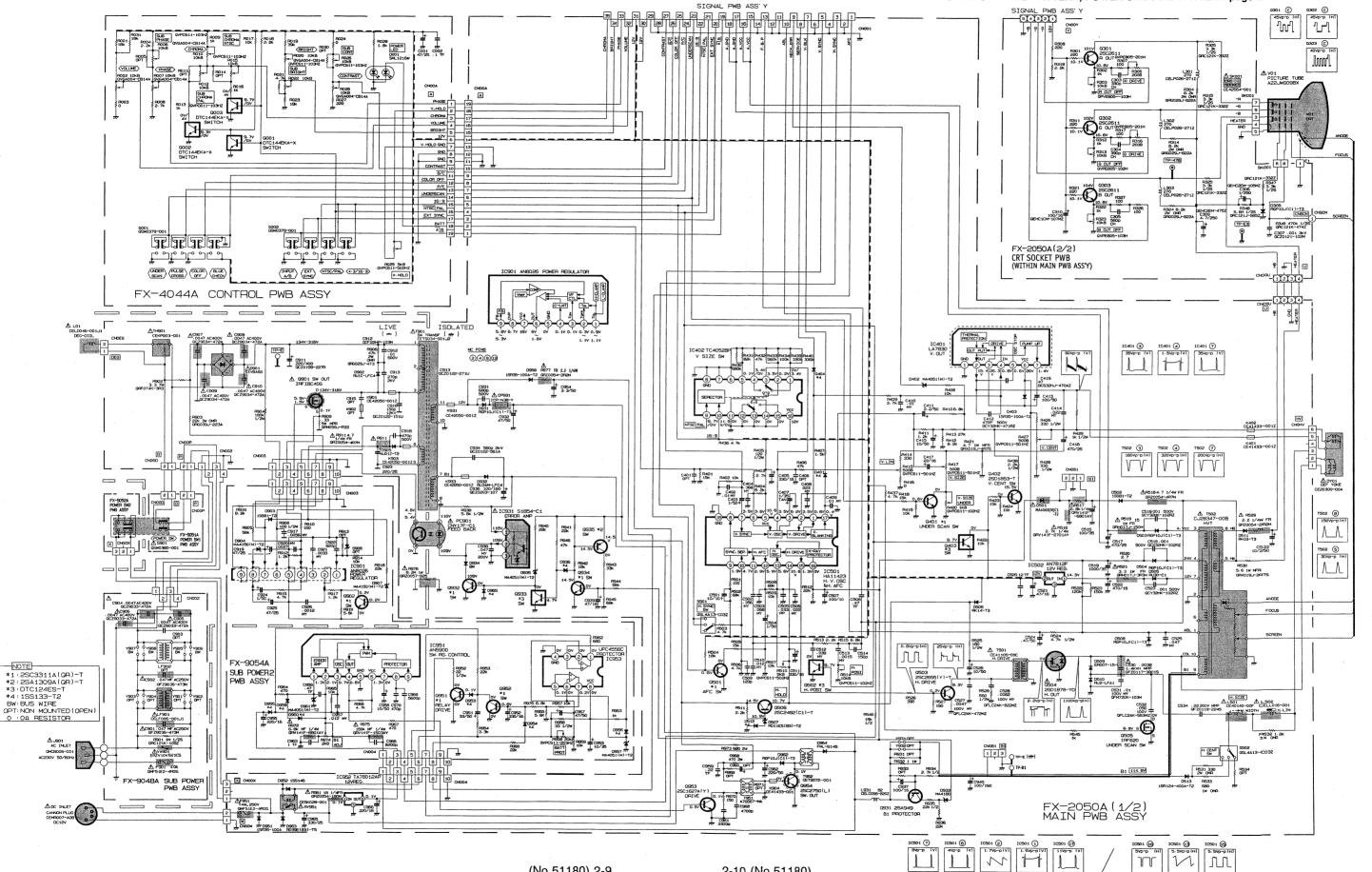
TM-1010PN

TM-1010PN

MAIN PWB (1/2), CRT SOCKET PWB(2/2), CONTROL PWB, SUB POWER PWB, SUB POWER2 PWB, POWER SW1 PWB, POWER SW2 PWB, CIRTCUIT DIAGRAMS

Refer to the following PWB pattern: MAIN PWB PATTERN(1/2) page 2-13 ~ 2-14. CONTROL PWB PATTERN page 2-16. CRT SOCKET PWB PATTERN(2/2) page 2-15.

> SUB POWER PWB PATTERN, SUB POWER2 PWB PATTERNpage 2-14. POWER SW1 PWB PATTERN, POWER SW2 PWB PATTERN page 2-15.



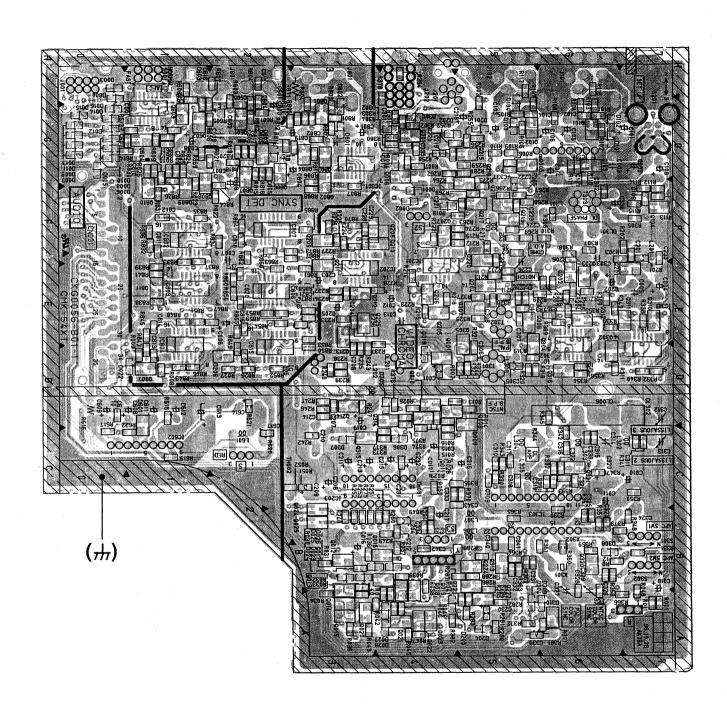
[FX-1089A]

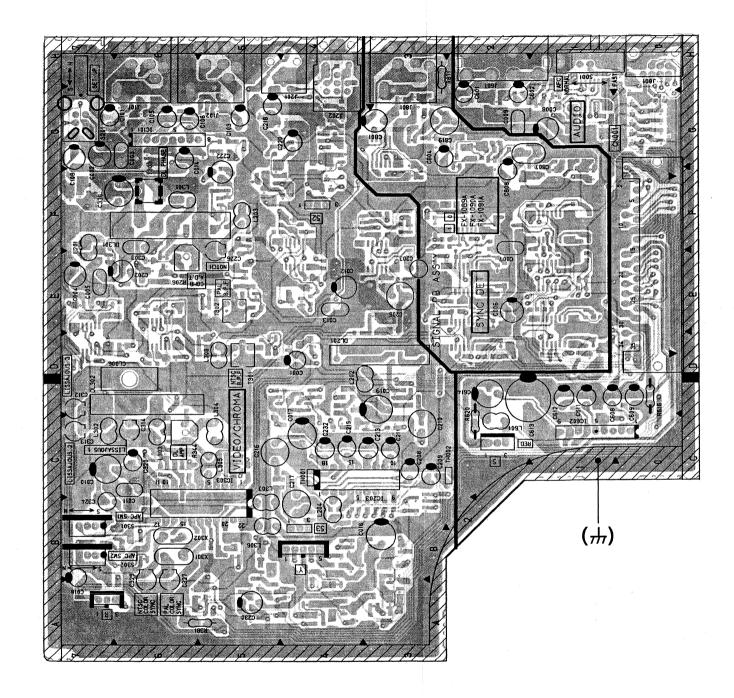
TREAR

(Magnification Rate 89%)



(Magnification Rate 89%)





TM-1010PN TM-1010PN

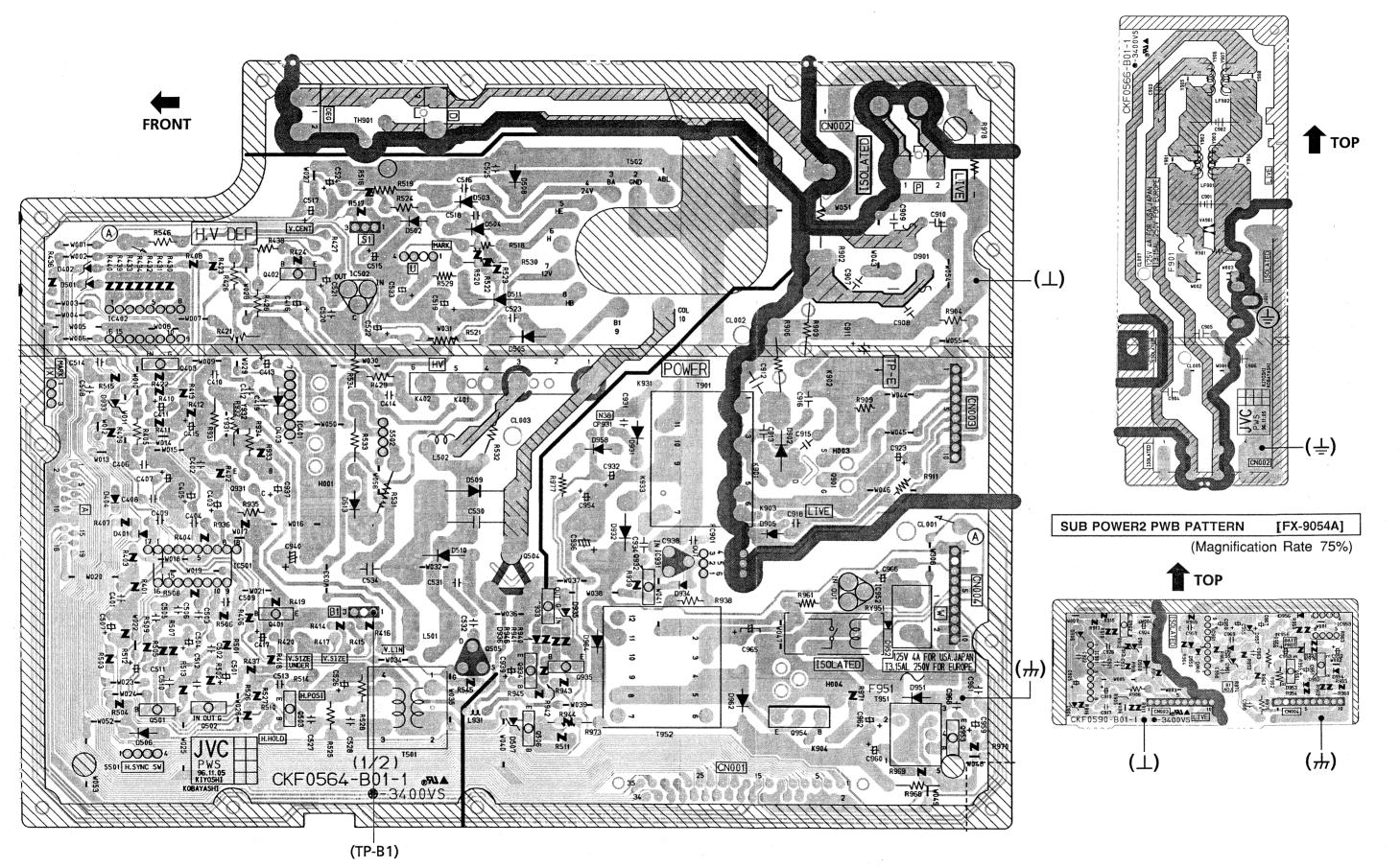
MAIN PWB PATTERN [FX-2050A]

(Magnification Rate 110%)

SUB POWER PWB PATTERN

[FX-9048A]

(Magnification Rate 75%)



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- The design of this product contains special hardware, many circuits and components specially for safety purposes.
 For continued protection, no changes should be made to the original design unless authorized in writing by the manufacturer. Replacement parts must be identical to those used in the original circuits. Service should be performed by qualified personnel only.
- Alterations of the design or circuitry of the products should not be made. Any design alterations or additions will void the manufacturer's warranty and will further relieve the manufacturer of responsibility for personal injury or property damage resulting therefrom.
- 3. Many electrical and mechanical parts in the products have special safety-related characteristics. These characteristics are often not evident from visual inspection nor can the protection afforded by them necessarily be obtained by using replacement components rated for higher voltage, wattage, etc. Replacement parts which have these special safety characteristics are identified in the parts list of Service manual. Electrical components having such features are identified by shading on the schematics and by (\(\beta\)) on the parts list in Service manual. The use of a substitute replacement which does not have the same safety characteristics as the recommended replacement part shown in the parts list of Service manual may cause shock, fire, or other hazards.
- Don't short between the LIVE side ground and ISOLAT-ED(NEUTRAL) side ground or EARTH side ground when repairing.

Some model's power circuit is partly different in the GND. The difference of the GND is shown by the LIVE: (__) side GND, the ISOLATED(NEUTRAL): (_) side GND and EARTH: (_) side GND. Don't short between the LIVE side GND and ISOLATED(NEUTRAL) side GND or EARTH side GND and never measure with a measuring apparatus (oscilloscope etc.) the LIVE side GND and ISOLATED(NEUTRAL) side GND or EARTH side GND at the same time.

If above note will not be kept, a fuse or any parts will be broken.

- If any repair has been made to the chassis, it is recommended that the B1 setting should be checked or adjusted (See AD-JUSTMENT OF B1 POWER SUPPLY).
- 6. The high voltage applied to the picture tube must conform with that specified in Service manual. Excessive high voltage can cause an increase in X-Ray emission, arcing and possible component damage, therefore operation under excessive high voltage conditions should be kept to a minimum, or should be prevented. If severe arcing occurs, remove the AC power immediately and determine the cause by visual inspection (incorrect installation, cracked or melted high voltage harness, poor soldering, etc.). To maintain the proper minimum level of soft X-Ray emission, components in the high voltage circuitry including the picture tube must be the exact replacements or afternatives approved by the manufacturer of the complete product.
- 7. Do not check high voltage by drawing an arc. Use a high voltage meter or a high voltage probe with a VTVM. Discharge the picture tube before attempting meter connection, by connecting a clip lead to the ground frame and connecting the other end of the lead through a $10k\Omega$ 2W resistor to the anode button.
- 8. When service is required, observe the original lead dress. Extra precaution should be given to assure correct lead dress in the high voltage circuit area. Where a short circuit has occurred, those components that indicate evidence of overheating should be replaced. Always use the manufacturer's replacement components.

9. Isolation Check

(Safety for Electrical Shock Hazard)

After re-assembling the product, always perform an isolation check on the exposed metal parts of the cabinet (antenna terminals, video/audio input and output terminals, Control knobs, metal cabinet, screwheads, earphone jack, control shafts, etc.) to be sure the product is safe to operate without danger of electrical shock.

(1) Dielectric Strength Test

The isolation between the AC primary circuit and all metal parts exposed to the user, particularly any exposed metal part having a return path to the chassis should withstand a voltage of 3000V AC (r.m.s.) for a period of one second.

(.... Withstand a voltage of 1100V AC (r.m.s.) to an appliance rated up to 120V, and 3000V AC (r.m.s.) to an appliance rated 200V or more, for a period of one second.)

This method of test requires a test equipment not generally found in the service trade.

(2) Leakage Current Check

Plug the AC line cord directly into the AC outlet (do not use a line isolation transformer during this check.). Using a "Leakage Current Tester", measure the leakage current from each exposed metal part of the cabinet, particularly any exposed metal part having a return path to the chassis, to a known good earth ground (water pipe, etc.). Any leakage current must not exceed 0.5mA AC (r.m.s.).

Alternate Check Method

Plug the AC line cord directly into the AC outlet (do not use a line isolation transformer during this check.). Use an AC voltmeter having 1000 ohms per volt or more sensitivity in the following manner. Connect a 1500 Ω 10W resistor paralleled by a 0.15 μ F AC-type capacitor between an exposed metal part and a known good earth ground (water pipe, etc.). Measure the AC voltage across the resistor with the AC voltmeter. Move the resistor connection to each exposed metal part, particularly any exposed metal part having a return path to the chassis, and measure the AC voltage across the resistor. Now, reverse the plug in the AC outlet and repeat each measurement. Any voltage measured must not exceed 0.35V AC (r.m.s.). This corresponds to 0.5mA AC (r.m.s.).

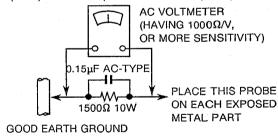


Fig.A

SPECIFIC SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

[CAUTION]

* Even with the power switch off, some parts of the set are live.

Be sure to disconnect the power cord from the AC outlet before disassembly and reassembly.

REMOVING THE TOP COVER

- 1. Take out 4 screws (A) and 4 screws (B).
- Slightly spread the bottom of the top cover. Shift the cover rearward and raise it upward to remove it.

REMOVING THE REAR PANEL

- · Remove the top cover.
- 1. Take out 4 screws C.
- 2. Shift the top portion of the rear panel slightly rearward and raise it upward to remove it.

REMOVING THE GUARD SHEET

- · Remove the top cover and rear panel.
- 1. Pull out the rivet.
- 2. Shift the guard sheet upward to remove it.

REMOVING THE BOTTOM COVER

- After removing the top cover, rear panel and terminal bracket, follow the steps given below.
- Place the front surface downward, then stand the bottom cover while facing it toward you.
 - At this time, care must be exercised not to damage the front panel and CRT surface.
- 2. Loosen the 2 screws marked G as shown in the figure.
- After pulling the rear panel side of the bottom cover toward you slightly, keep the chassis base from the bottom cover slightly.
- 4. When the chassis base has been kept from the bottom cover slightly, pull the bottom cover upward while leaving the situation as it is, then remove the bottom cover.
- 5. When the bottom cover has been removed, you can check the main PWB and control PWB in such a situation.

REMOVING THE TERMINAL BRACKET

- Remove the top cover and rear panel.
- 1. Take out 2 screws D, 7 screws D and 1 screw D.
- 2. Slightly shift the terminal bracket rearward and raise it upward to remove it.

REMOVING THE CHASSIS BASE WITH THE CHASSIS

- Remove the top cover.
- Remove the rear panel.
- Remove the claws located at the left and right sides of the bottom of the front panel toward outside.
- While pulling the chassis base with the chassis rearward, remove it.

REMOVING THE POWER SW

- · Remove the top cover.
- · Remove the rear panel.
- Remove the chassis base even with the power switch off.
- 1. Take out the screw (H).
- 2. Remove the POWER SW sheet.
- 3. Press the claws and and at to detach the POWER SW 2 PWB. Then slightly raise the POWER SW 2 PWB.
- The POWER SW 1 PWB can be removed by raising it after pressing the claws (X). (see Fig. 1)

REMOVING CONTROL PWB

- · Remove the top cover.
- Remove the rear panel.
- Remove the chassis base.
- 1. The CONTROL PWB can be removed by simply raising it.

REMOVING THE CRT

- Remove the top cover.
- · Remove the rear panel.
- · Remove the chassis base.
- 1. Take out 4 screws 🖒.
- 2. Remove the CRT from the front panel.

REMOVING THE SPEAKER

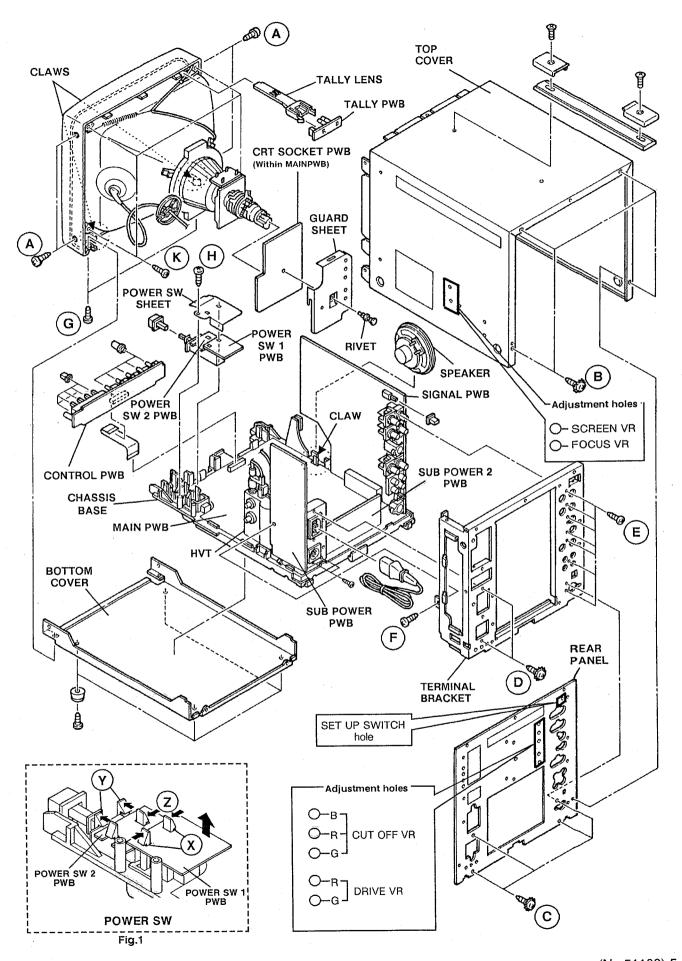
- Remove the top cover.
- Remove the rear panel.
- · Remove the terminal bracket.
- 1. Remove the speaker code from the speaker.
- 2. Remove the signal PWB.
- 3. Disengage the claw under the speaker.
- 4. Pull up the speaker.

[CAUTION]

- * When erecting the chassis, be careful so that there will be no contacting with other PW board.
- * Before turning on power, make sure that the wire connector, CRT earth wire and other connectors properly connected.

WIRE CLAMPING AND CABLE TYING

- 1. Be sure to clamp the wire.
- Never remove the cable tie used for tying the wires together.Should it be inadvertently removed, be sure to tie the wires with a new cable tie.



REPLACEMENT OF CHIP COMPONENT

ECAUTIONS

- 1. Avoid heating for more than 3 seconds.
- 2. Do not rub the electrodes and the resist parts of the pattern.
- 3. When removing a chip part, melt the solder adequately.
- 4. Do not reuse a chip part after removing it.

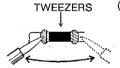
SOLDERING IRON

- 1. Use a high insulation soldering iron with a thin pointed end of it.
- 2. A 30w soldering iron is recommended for easily removing parts.

EREPLACEMENT STEPS

1. How to remove Chip parts

- •Resistors, capacitors, etc
- (1) As shown in the figure, push the part with tweezers and alternately melt the solder at each end.



(2) Shift with tweezers and remove the chip part.



- •Transistors, diodes, variable resistors, etc
- (1) Apply extra solder to each lead.



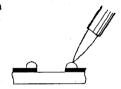
(2) As shown in the figure, push the part with tweezers and alternately melt the solder at each lead. Shift and remove the chip part.



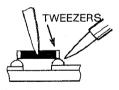
Note: After removing the part, remove remaining solder from the pattern.

2. How to install Chip parts

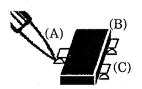
- •Resistors, capacitors, etc
- (1) Apply solder to the pattern as indicated in the figure.

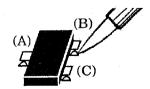


(2) Grasp the chip part with tweezers and place it on the solder. Then heat and melt the solder at both ends of the chip part.



- •Transistors, diodes, variable resistors, etc
- (1) Apply solder to the pattern as indicated in the figure.
- (2) Grasp the chip part with tweezers and place it on the solder.
- (3) First solder lead A as indicated in the figure.
- (4) Then solder leads B and C.





SERVICE ADJUSTMENTS

PRIOR TO STARTING ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Supply power to the set and measuring instruments and allow to warm up for at least 30 minutes.
- 2. Confirm the proper AC power voltage is being supplied.
- 3. Use care not to disturb controls and switches not mentioned in the adjustment items.
- 4. Refer to adjustment settings and set user operated controls (bright, contrast, chroma, etc.) to the indicated positions.

TOOLS AND FIXTURES FOR ADJUSTMENT

- DC voltmeter (digital voltmeter)
- Oscilloscope
- Signal generator (PAL / NTSC systems)

Color bar and split color bar patterns

Crosshatch pattern

Cross pattern

Red raster pattern

Green raster pattern

Blue raster pattern

Phillips pattern (including R-Y and B-Y)

TV resolution pattern

Color analyzer

ADJUSTMENT SETTINGS

1. Front controls CONTRAST BRIGHT CHROMA PHASE VOLUME	Center click position	3. Rear SW AFC SET UP	NORMAL OFF
2. Front SW	2 311.03		
UNDER SCAN	OFF		
PULSE CROSS	OFF		
COLOR OFF	OFF		
BLUE CHECK	OFF		
INPUT A/B	Α		
EXIT SYNC	OFF		
NTSC / PAL	PAL		
4:3 / 16:9	4:3		

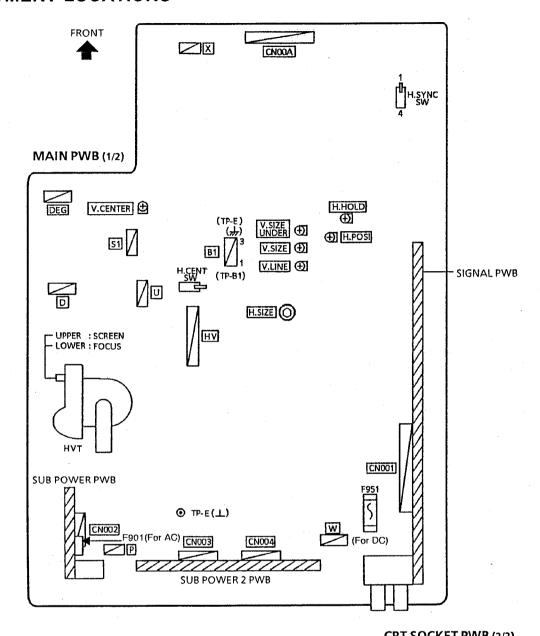
FOCUS, SCREEN, CUT OFF AND DRIVE, SET UP SWITCH ADJUSTMENT **HOLES**

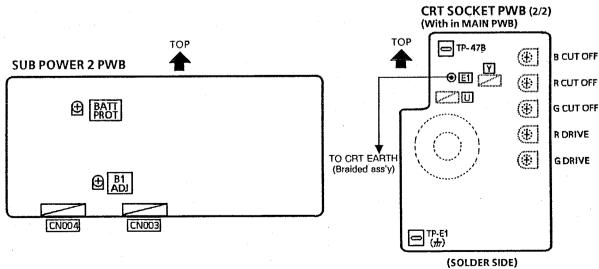
- The Focus and Screen adjustment holes are on the side of the set (see Page 5).
- The Cut off and Drive adjustment holes are on the rear panel of the set (see Page 5).
- The SET UP SWITCH hole is on the rear panel of the set (see page 5).

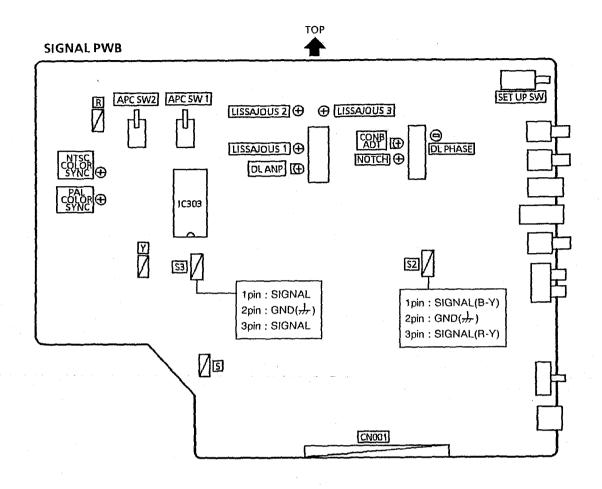
[CAUTION]

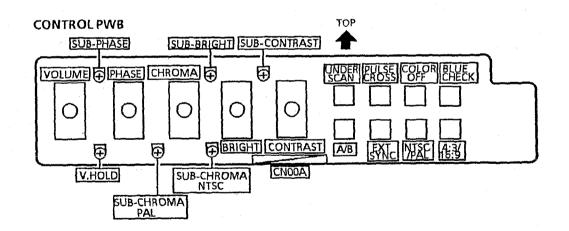
Be sure to use a non-metallic screwdriver for adjusting there VRs. A metallic driver can cause damage by shorting.

ADJUSTMENT LOCATIONS





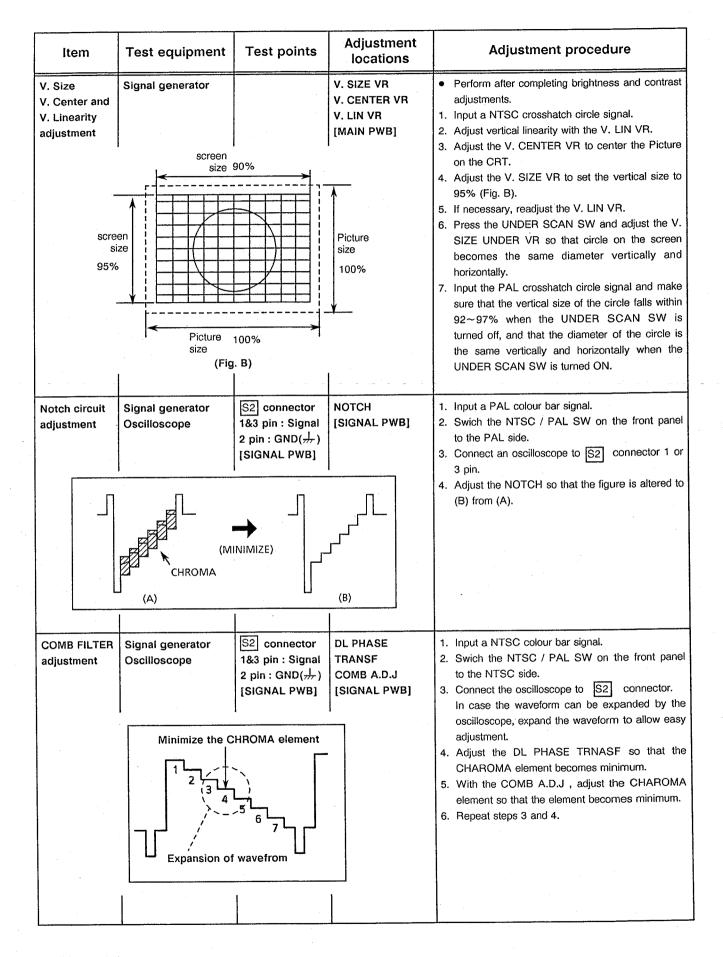




ADJUSTING STEP

Item	Test equipment	Test points	Adjustment locations	Adjustment procedure
B1 voltage check (AC)	DC Voltmeter Signal generator	TP-B1(1 pin) TP-E() (3 pin) [B1] connector in MAIN PWB]		Make sure that input power is 230V AC, 50Hz. Input an all-black signal. Confirm DC 114.8V +1.0V between TP-B1 and TP-E(
B1 voltage check (DC)	DC Voltmeter Signal generator	TP-B1 (1 pin) TP-E(, , ,) (3 pin) [B1] connector in MAIN PWB]	B1 ADJ VR [SUB POWER 2 PWB]	 Make sure that input power is 13V ±0.1V DC. 1. Input an all-black signal. 2. Connect DC voltmater TP-B1 and TP-E(¹/₂₇). 3. Turn the B1 ADJ VR from rearward and bring B1 voltage to DC 114.8V ±0.1V. 4. Make sure that the B1 voltage is DC 114.8V +1.0V when the DC power supply voltage has been changed in the range of 10.4V~18.0V. Don't use metal screw driver.
DC Shut off voltage adjustment	DC Voltmeter Signal generator		BATT. PROT VR [SUB POWER 2 PWB]	 Turn the BATT.PROT VR fully clock wise from rearward in advance. Make sure that input power is 12V ± 0.1V DC. Input an all-black signal. Connect digital voltmeter to DC terminal. Adjust DC power supply voltage bring to DC 10.3 ± 0.01V (digital volt mete measured). Slightly turn the BATT.PROT VR counter-clock wise until power shut off. (POWER LED red lights) Turn on the power again and make sure that the POWER LED indicates a green color when the input power is 12V. When regaining the power supply, slightly increase the output voltage of the DC power supply, then turn the main switch of the TV set OFF before turning it ON again.
Focus adjustment	Signal generator		FOCUS VR [HVT]	Input a crosshatch signal. Turn the FOCUS VR to the range of best focus of the crosshatch signal.
H.HOLD adjustment	Signal generator		H.SYNC SW H.HOLD VR [MAIN PWB]	 Input a monoscope pattern signal. Turn H.SYNC SW to left (4) side. Adjust the H.HOLD VR so that the monoscope pattern turn to normal in the screen. Turn H.SYNC SW to right side. Make sure that the normal picture can be displayed on the CRT immediately when the input select A / B SW was changed. Repeat the steps 2~4 abave, if necessary.

Item	Test equipment	Test points	Adjustment locations	Adjustment procedure
V.HOLD adjustment	Signal generator		V.HOLD VR [FRONT PANEL]	 Input a NTSC colour bar signal. Switch the NTSC / PAL SW on the front panel to the PAL side and the 4:3 / 16:9 SW on the front panel to the 16:9 side. (At this time, make sure that the colour in the picture on the CRT has died away and the vertical amplitude has been diminished in size.) Turn the V.HOLD VR on the front panel clockwise from its minimum position and stop it at the position where the vertical synchronization has been obtained. Return the NTSC / PAL SW to the NTSC side and the 4:3 / 16:9 SW to the 4:3 side, respectively, and make sure that the picture condition on the CRT is normal. On each mode (PAL, NTSC, UNDER SCAN, 16:9, etc.), confirm that the picture condition on the CRT is normal.
H. Size and H. Center adjustment scre si 95%	ze l	100%	H. SIZE COIL H. POSI VR H. CENT SW [MAIN PWB] Picture size 100%	 Perform after completing brightness and contrast adjustments. Input a NTSC crosshatch signal. Press the UNDER SCAN SW and the PULSE CROSS SW on the front panel, then roughly adjust the H. CENT SW to center the picture on the CRT. (At the same time, input PAL crosshatch signal and make sure that the center has not got out of place excessively.) After turning off the UNDER SCAN SW and the PULSE CROSS SW, adjust the H. POSI VR to center the picture on the CRT. Adjust the H. SIZE COIL to set the horizontal size to 90% (Fig. A) Turn on the UNDER SCAN SW and set the BRIGHT VR to a maximum and the CONTRAST VR to a minimum. Then, adjust the H.POSI VR so that the picture area on the CRT is positioned at the center of the raster. Turn off the UNDER SCAN SW and set the BRIGHT VR and the CONTRAST VR to the



Item	Test equipment	Test points	Adjustment locations	Adjustment procedure
COLOR SYNC adjustment	Signal generator Oscilloscope		APC SW 1 & 2 NTSC COLOR SYNC [SIGNAL PWB]	 Input a NTSC colour bar signal. Switch the NTSC / PAL SW on the front panel to the NTSC side. Switch the APC SW 1 &2 to the S side. While adjusting the NTSC COLOR SYNC, observe the picture in the screen: then stop the adjustment when the picture has been changed to a complete color-ber pattern from a striped pattern. Then return the APC SW 1 & 2 to the N side. By switching the input select A / B SW twice, make sure that the complete colour-bar pattern obtained in the step 4 above will appear immediately.
APC adjustment	Signal generator Oscilloscope	S3 connector 1 pin: SIGNAL(B-Y) 2 pin: GND(////) 3 pin: SIGNAL(R-Y)	APC SW 1 & 2 DL LEVEL VR LISSAJOUS 2 & 3 [SIGNAL PWB]	 Input a PAL colour bar signal. Switch the NTSC / PAL SW on the front panel to the PAL side. Connect the probes of a dual-trace oscilloscope to S3 connector. Set the APC SW 1, SW 2 to S. Set the oscilloscope tie axis to X-Y coordinates. Alternately adjust the DL LEVEL VR and LISSAJOUS 2 & 3 to obtain the waveform B indicated in the figure. Return the APC SW1, SW2 to N.
	5	1		
White balance (low Light) adjustment	Signal generator		SET UP SW [SIGNAL PWB] R CUT OFF VR G CUT OFF VR B CUT OFF VR [CRT SOCKET PWB]	 Input a monoscope pattern signal. Set the SET UP SWITCH on the signal PWB to S to produce a single horizontal line. Turn the RED, GREEN and BLUE CUT OFF VRs fully counter-clockwise. Turn the SCREEN VR fully counter-clockwise, then gradually turn it clockwise until a single blue, green or red horizontal line just slightly
			SCREEN VR [MAIN PWB]	 appears. 5. Turn the CUT OFF VR corresponding to the initial colour slightly clockwise. 6. Adjust the CUT OFF VRs of the other two colors to where the three overlapped colors appear white. 7. Return the SET UP SWITCH to normal(N). 8. Set for a dark screen and fine adjust the R, G and B CUT OFF VRs to obtain the optimum white colour.

ltem	Test equipment	Test points	Adjustment locations	Adjustment procedure
White balance (high light) adjustment	Signal generator (colour temperature meter)		R DRIVE VR G DRIVE VR [CRT SOCKET PWB]	 Input a monoscope pattern signal. Adjust the RED and GREEN DRIVE VRs to produce an overall white screen. If a colour temperature meter is available: Measure the center of the screen with the sensor of the colour temperature meter. Adjust the RED and GREEN DRIVE VRs to obtain D6500° K. Turn the contrast and brightness VRs. Confirm correct white balance tracking from low light to high light.
Brightness adjustment	Signal generator		SUB BRIGHT VR [CONTROL PWB]	Perform after completing white balance adjustments. Input a split colour bar signal. Adjust the SUB BRIGHT VR to eliminate illumination in the 0% black component.
Contrast adjustment	Signal generator Oscilloscope W Y C	TP-47B TP-E(;;;) [CRT SOCKET PWB] G M R B	SUB CONT. VR [CONTROL PWB]	 Input a colour bar signal (set for 0.525V between black and white). Connect an oscilloscope to TP-47B and TP-E(¬¬¬¬). Adjust the SUB CONTRAST VR to set the level indicated in the figure to 21V.

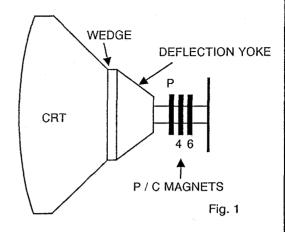
Item	Test equipment	Test points	Adjustment locations	Adjustment procedure
Chroma adjustment	Signal generator Oscilloscope	TP-47B TP-E1(;;;) [CRT SOCKET PWB]	SUB CHROMA VR [CONTROL PWB]	 Input a PAL colour bar signal. Switch the NTSC / PAL SW on the front panel to the PAL side. Connect an oscilloscope to TP-47B and TP-E1 (///-). With the no. 1 level W taken as 0 level, adjust
	0 level	3 4		the SUB CHROMA (PAL) VR to set no. 4 B to 0 level.
COLOR	Cional management	TP-47B	CUD DUACE VD	1 January NTCO aslam have in all
TINT adjustment	Signal generator Oscilloscope	TP-E(SUB PHASE VR SUB CHAROMA VR [CONTROL PWB]	 Input a NTSC colour bar signal. Switch the NTSC / PAL SW on the front panel to the PAL side, and turn the BLUE CHECK SW on. Connect an oscilloscope to TP-47B and TP-E
	W Y C	G M R B		 (¬¬). 4. With the no. 1 level W taken as 0 level, adjust the SUB PHASE VR to set no. 3 M to 0 level. 5. With the no. 1 level W taken as 0 level, adjust the SUB CHROMA (NTSC) VR to set no. 4 B to 0 level.
	0 level	.]	-	

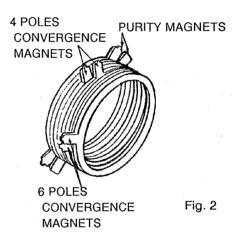
PURITY, CONVERGENCE

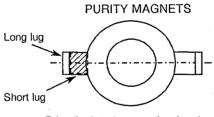
PURITY ADJUSTMENT

Before adjusting:

- Turn the screen VR to where the raster dose not appear.
- Set the PULSE CROSS SW to ON and turn BRIGHT VR to MAX, allow to run for at least 30 minutes, then return the switch to OFF and BRIGHT VR to back.
- · Set the screen VR to the original position.
- 1. Demagnetize CRT with the demagnetizer.
- 2. Loosen the retainer screw of the deflection yoke.
- 3. Remove the wedge.
- Input a Green Raster signal from the Signal Generator, and turn the screen to Green Raster.
- 5. Move the deflection yoke backward.
- Bring the long lug of the purity magnets on the short lug and position them horizontally. (Fig. 3)
- 7. Adjust the gap between two lugs so that the Green Raster will come into the center of the screen. (Fig. 4)
- Move the deflection yoke forward, and fix the position of the deflection yoke so that the whole screen will become green.
- Insert the wedge to the top side of the deflection yoke so that it will not move.
- 10. Input a crosshatch signal.
- 11. Verify that the screen is horizontal.
- Input red and Blue Raster signals, and make sure that purity is properly adjusted.







Bring the long lug over the short lug and position them horizontally.

Fig. 3

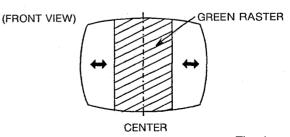
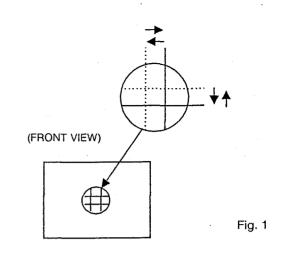


Fig. 4

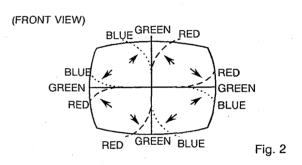
STATIC CONVERGENCE ADJUSTMENT

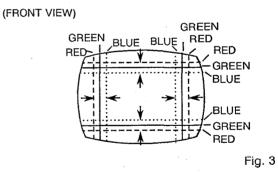
- 1. Input a crosshatch signal.
- 2. Using 4-pole convergence magnets, overlap the red and blue lines in the center of the screen and turn them to magenta (red/blue).
- 3. Using 6-pole convergence magnets, overlap the magenta (red/blue) and green lines in the center of the screen and turn them to white.
- 4. Repeat 2 and 3 above, and make best convergence.



DYNAMIC CONVERGENCE ADJUSTMENT

- Move the deflection yoke up and down and overlap the lines in the periphery. (Fig. 2)
- 2. Move the deflection yoke left to right and overlap the lines in the periphery. (Fig. 3)
- 3. Repeat 1 and 2 above, and make best convergence.





After adjustment, fix the wedge at the original position.
 Fasten the retainer screw of the deflection yoke.
 Fix the 6 magnets with glue.

PARTS LIST

CAUTION

- The parts identified by the △ symbol are important for the safety. Whenever replacing these parts, be sure to use specified ones to secure the safety.
- The parts not indicated in this Parts List and those which are filled with lines in the Parts No. columns will not be supplied .
- P. W. Board Ass'y will not be supplied, but those which are filled with the Parts No. in the Parts No. columns will be supplied.
- As a rule, the resistors and capacitors which are indicated as shown in "HOW TO EXPRESS PARTS NUMBERS OF STANDARD PARTS" are not shown in the list of the parts on the board.

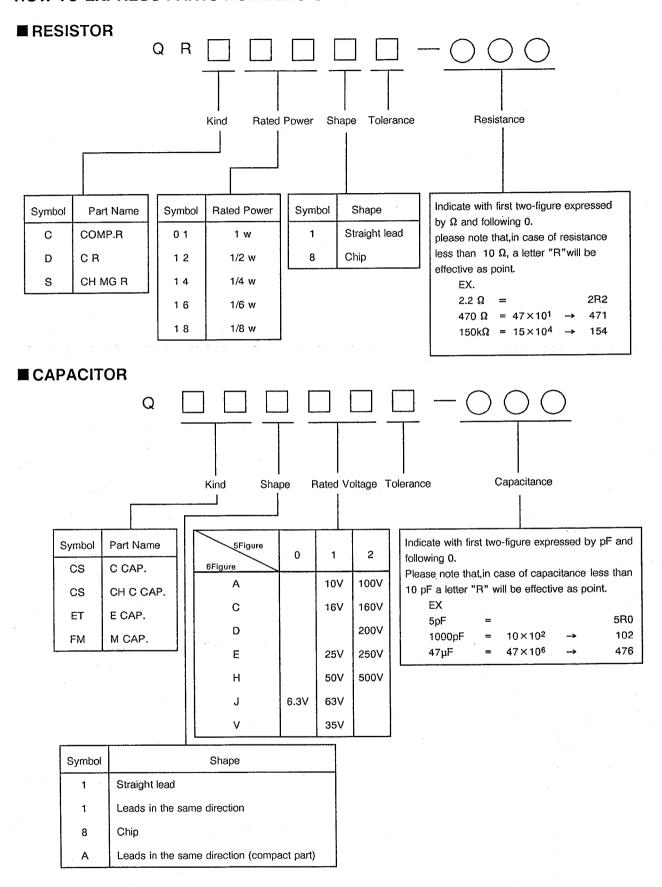
When ordering the service parts, confirm the resistance/rated power, capacitance/rated voltage, and type of the parts, then order by the part No. indicated according to "HOW TO EXPRESS PARTS NUMBERS OF STANDARD PARTS".

ABBREVIATIONS OF RESISTORS, CAPACITORS AND TOLERANCES

	RESISTORS		CAPACITORS
CR	Carbon Resistor	C CAP.	Ceramic Capacitor
FR	Fusible Resistor	E CAP.	Electrolytic Capacitor
PR	Plate Resistor	м сар.	Mylar Capacitor
VR	Variable Resistor	HV CAP.	High Voltage Capacitor
HV R	High Voltage Resistor	MF CAP.	Metalized Film Capacitor
MFR	Metal Film Resistor	мм сар.	Metalized Mylar Capacitor
MG R	Metal Glazed Resistor	MP CAP.	Metalized Polystyrol Capacitor
MP R	Metal Plate Resistor	PP CAP.	Polypropylene Capacitor
OM R	Metal Oxide Film Resistor	PS CAP.	Polystyrol Capacitor
CMF R	Coating Metal Film Resistor	TF CAP.	Thin Film Capacitor
UNF R	Non-Flammable Resistor	MPP CAP.	Metalized Polypropylene Capacitor
CH V R	Chip Variable Resistor	TAN. CAP.	Tantalum Capacitor
CH MG R	Chip Metal Glazed Resistor	CH C CAP.	Chip Ceramic Capacitor
COMP. R	Composition Resistor	BP E CAP.	Bi-Polar Electrolytic Capacitor
LPTC R	Linear Positive Temperature Coefficient Resistor	CH AL E CAP.	Chip Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor
,		CH AL BP CAP.	Chip Aluminum Bi-Polar Capacitor
		CH TAN. E CAP.	Chip Tantalum Electrolytic Capacitor
		CH AL BP E CAP.	Chip Tantalum Bi-Polar Electrolytic Capacitor

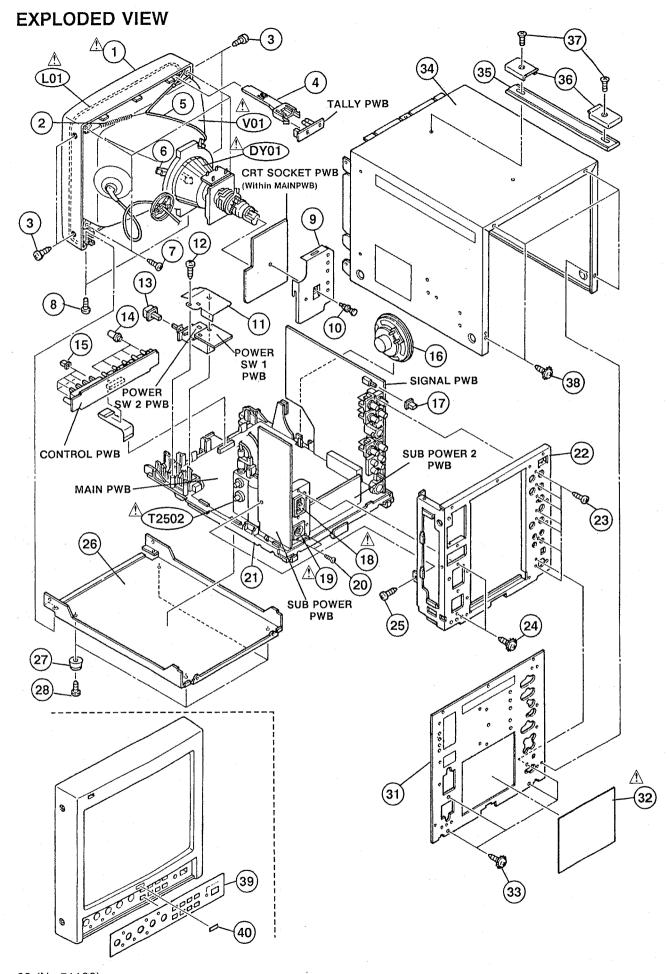
TOLERANCES									
F	G	J	K	М	N	R	Н	Z,	Р
±1%	<u>+</u> 2%	±5%	± 10%	± 20%	±30%	+30%	+50%	+80%	+ 100%

HOW TO EXPRESS PARTS NUMBERS OF STANDARD PARTS



EXPLODED VIEW PARTS LIST

∧ Ref.No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description	Local
↑ L01 ↑ V01 ↑ DY01 ↑ T2502 ↑ 1	CELD046-001J1 A22JWG098X CE20300-00A CJ28347-00B CM12867-C01-V0	DEGAUSSING COIL PICTURE TUBE(C) DEFLECTION YOKE HV TRANSF. FRONT PANEL		
2 3 4	CM48174-001 SDSF3006M CM36546-A01	SPRING SCREW TALLY LENS	(×4)	
5 6	CHGB0016-0G-N CE40666-00A	BRAIDED WIRE WEDGE	(×3)	
7 8 9 10	GBSF4016M GBSG3008Z CM36519-001 CM45627-00A	TAPPING SCREW TAPPING SCREW GUARD SHEET RIVET	(×4) (×2)	
11 12	CM48246-001 SBSF4012Z	PW SW SHEET TAPPING SCREW		
13 14 15 16	CM46115-C01 CM47853-002 CM46044-001 CEBSS08P-01KJ2	POWER KNOB VOLUME KNOB PUSH KNOB SPEAKER	(×5) (×8) SP01	
17 <u>↑</u> 18 ↑ 19	CM46044-001 QMCB006-C01 CEMR007-AOB	PUSH KNOB AC INLET CANNON PLUG ASSY	J9901(With in SUE (DC INLET)	B POWER PWB)
20	SPST2606N	TH.TAP.SCREW	(×2)	4
21 22 23 24	CM12868-A01-V0 CM12869-001 SBSB3010M CM44287-00C	CHASSIS BASE TERMINAL BKT TAPPING SCREW ASSY SCREW	(×7) (×2)	
25 26 27	SBSF4012Z CM22942-C01 QZF2207-001	TAPPING SCREW BOTTOM COVER FOOT	(×4)	
28	GBSG3008Z	TAPPING SCREW	(×4)	
31 Δ 32 33 34	CM23130-AOA CM22867-A27(R) CM44287-OOC CM12879-OOA	REAR PANEL ROLL R LABEL ASSY SCREW TOP COVER ASSY	(×4)	
35 36 37	PU46361-2 PRD43812 SHSP4014R	HANDLE HANDLE COVER SCREW	(×2) (×2)	
38 39 40	CM44287-00C CM23089-A01 CM48149-A01	ASSY SCREW CONTROL SHEET JVC MARK	(×4)	



22 (No.51180)

PRINTED WIRING BOARD PARTS LIST

SIGNAL PW BOARD ASS'Y (FX-1089A)

Δ	Symbol No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description	Local
	VARIAB R1206 R1344	LE RESI QVPC611-102HZ QVPC611-202HZ	S T O R V R(COMB A.D.J) V R(DL AMP)	1kΩ B 2kΩ B	
<u></u>	RESIST R1616 R1620	O R QRD12CJ-271SX QRD14CJ-470SX	C R	270 Ω 1/2W 47 Ω 1/4W	J J
	C A P A C I C1003 C1005 C1007 C1009 C1102 C1104 C1107 C1109	T O R QFV71HJ-104MZ QFV71HJ-104MZ QFV71HJ-104MZ QFV71HJ-104MZ NCT03CH-181AY NCT03CH-181AY NCT03CH-181AY NCT03CH-470AY	TF CAP. TF CAP. TF CAP. TF CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP.	0.1 µ F 50V 0.1 µ F 50V 0.1 µ F 50V 0.1 µ F 50V 180 p F 50V 180 p F 50V 180 p F 50V 47 p F 50V	J J J J J J
	C1011 C1013 C1015 C1201 C1203 C1204 C1205 C1206	QFV71HJ-104MZ QFV71HJ-104MZ NCB21HK-103AY NCT03CH-680AY QEN61HM-105Z NCT03CH-181AY QEN61CM-476Z NCT03CH-560AY	TF CAP. TF CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP. BP E CAP. CHIP CAP. BP E CAP. CHIP CAP.	0.1 µ F 50V 0.1 µ F 50V 0.01 µ F 50V 68 p F 50V 1 µ F 50V 180 p F 50V 47 µ F 16V 56 p F 50V	J K J M J M J
	C1207 C1210 C1212 C1214 C1216-17 C1219 C1221 C1223-24	NCT03CH-181AY QEN61CM-476Z NCT03CH-470AY NCT03CH-102AY QEN61CM-476Z NCT03CH-181AY NCT03CH-181AY NCT03CH-181AY	CHIP CAP. BP E CAP. CHIP CAP. BP E CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP.	180 p F 50V 47 µ F 16V 47 p F 50V 1000 p F 50V 47 µ F 16V 180 p F 50V 180 p F 50V 180 p F 50V	J M J J J
	C1225 C1226 C1227 C1228-29 C1231 C1233 C1234 C1301	NCT03CH-390AY QAT3110-450A NCT03CH-561AY NCT03CH-181AY NCB21HK-103AY NCT03CH-5R0AY QFV71HJ-684MZ NCB21HK-103AY	CHIP CAP. TRIM.CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP. TF CAP. CHIP CAP.	39 p F 50V 45 p F 100V 560 p F 50V 180 p F 50V 0.01 µ F 50V 0.68 µ F 50V 0.01 µ F 50V	J J K J J
	C1302 C1303 C1305-09 C1311 C1312-14 C1315 C1316 C1317	NCT03CH-221AY QFV71HJ-104MZ NCB21HK-103AY NCT03CH-101AY QAT3110-450A NCT03CH-101AY NCB21HK-103AY NCT03CH-221AY	CHIP CAP. TF CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP. TRIM.CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	J K J K J
	C1318 C1319 C1321-23 C1324 C1325 C1327 C1328 C1329	NCB21HK-223AY NCT03CH-101AY NCB21HK-103AY QEN61CM-106Z NCB21HK-153AY QAT3110-450A NCT03CH-220AY QAT3110-450A	CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP. BP E CAP. CHIP CAP. TRIM.CAP. CHIP CAP. TRIM.CAP.	$\begin{array}{cccc} 0.022~\muF & 50V \\ 100~pF & 50V \\ 0.01~\muF & 50V \\ 10~\muF & 16V \\ 0.015~\muF & 50V \\ 45~pF & 100V \\ 22~pF & 50V \\ 45~pF & 100V \\ \end{array}$	K J K M K
	C1330 C1331 C1332 C1335 C1337	NCT03CH-220AY NCT03CH-470AY NCB21HK-103AY NCT03CH-561AY NCB21HK-103AY	CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP.	22 p F 50V 47 p F 50V 0.01 µ F 50V 560 p F 50V 0.01 µ F 50V	J K J K

∆ Symbol No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description	l	Local
C A P A C I C1338 C1339 C1340-43 C1344 C1603-04 C1605-06 C1610 C1613	T O R NCT03CH-220AY NCB21HK-103AY NCT03CH-390AY NCT03CH-151AY NCT03CH-390AY NCT03CH-181AY NCT03CH-102AY QEHC1EM-108MZ	CHIP CAP. E CAP.	22 p F 0.01 µ F 39 p F 150 p F 39 p F 181 p F 1000 p F 1000 µ F	50V J 50V K 50V J 50V J 50V J 50V J 50V J 50V J	
C1615-16 C1617 C1803 C1802 C1805 C1807 C1809 C1810	NCS21HJ-391AY NCB21HK-473AY NCB21HK-102AY NCT03CH-181AY NCT03CH-181AY QFV71HJ-334MZ NCB21HK-472AY NCB21HK-102AY	CER CAPM CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP. TF CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP.	390 p F 0.047 p F 1000 p F 181 p F 180 p F 0.33 p F 4700 p F 1000 p F	50V J 50V K 50V K 50V J 50V J 50V J 50V K 50V K	
C1811 C1812 C1813 C1814 C1815 C1816 C1817 C1818	NCT03CH-221AY NCT03CH-102AY NCB21HK-153AY NCB21HK-222AY NCT03CH-101AY NCT03CH-470AY NCT03CH-390AY NCT03CH-101AY	CHIP CAP.	220 p F 1000 p F 0.015 µ F 2200 p F 100 p F 47 p F 39 p F 100 p F	50V J 50V J 50V K 50V K 50V J 50V J 50V J 50V J	
C1819 C1820 C1821 C1822	QEN61CM-476Z NCT03CH-560AY NCT03CH-101AY NCB21HK-562AY	BP E CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP. CHIP CAP.	47 μ F 56 p F 100 p F 5600 p F	16V M 50V J 50V J 50V K	
T R A N S F T1301 T1302 T1303	ORMER CELT034-001 CELT034-002 CE40176-001	B.PASS TRANSF. B.PASS TRANSF. DL P.TRANSF.			
C O I L L1201 L1202 L1203 L1204 L1301 L1302-03 L1304 L1305	CELP026-270Z CELP026-101Z CELP026-220Z CELP026-180Z CELP026-180Z CELP026-8R2Z CELP026-390Z CELP026-4R7Z	PEAKING COIL	27 µ H 100 µ H 22 µ H 18 µ H 18 µ H 8.2 µ H 39 µ H 4.7 µ H		
L1306-07 L1308 L1601	CELP026-221Z CELP026-560Z CELP026-4R7Z	PEAKING COIL PEAKING COIL PEAKING COIL	220 µ H 56 µ H 4.7 µ H		
D I O D E D1001-19 D1022-28 D1031 D1101-04 D1201-02 D1204-05 D1208 D1301-08	1SS353-X 1SS353-X 1SS133-T2 1SS353-X 1SS353-X 1SS353-X MA3056(H)-X 1SS353-X	SI.DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE ZENER DIODE SI.DIODE			
D1310 D1601 D1801-03	MA3091(M)-X MA3150(M)-X 1SS353-X	ZENER DIODE ZENER DIODE SI.DIODE			
TRANS Q1001 Q1005 Q1006-07 Q1008 Q1009 Q1010	I S T O R 2SA1037K(QR)-X 2SC2412K(QR)-X DTC144EKA-X 2SA1037K(QR)-X 2SC2412K(QR)-X 2SA1037K(QR)-X	SI.TRANSISTOR SI.TRANSISTOR DIGI.TRANSISTOR SI.TRANSISTOR SI.TRANSISTOR SI.TRANSISTOR			

T R A N S I S T O R Q1011-12	
Q1018-20	
Q1201-04	
Q1211	
Q1320-21 DTC144EKA-X DIGI.TRANSISTOR Q1601-02 2SC2412K(QR)-X SI.TRANSISTOR Q1603 DTC144EKA-X DIGI.TRANSISTOR Q1801 2SC2412K(QR)-X SI.TRANSISTOR Q1802 DTC144EKA-X DIGI.TRANSISTOR Q1803-04 2SC2412K(QR)-X SI.TRANSISTOR Q1805-06 2SA1037K(QR)-X SI.TRANSISTOR Q1807-10 2SC2412K(QR)-X SI.TRANSISTOR	
Q1811 DTC144EKA-X DIGI.TRANSISTOR	
I C IC1101	
IC1802 TC4538BF-W I.C.(DIGI-MOS) IC1803 TC4066BF-W I.C.(DIGI-MOS) IC1804-07 TC4538BF-W I.C.(DIGI-MOS)	
O T H E R S DL1201	
J1601 CEMN036-005 PIN JACK (AUDIO) J1801 CEMB021-001 BNC CONNECTOR (EXT SYNC) S1001 QSS1F22-C07 SLIDE SWITCH (AFC) S1201 QSTQ101-C02 PUSH SWITCH (SET UP) S1301 QSL4A13-C03Z LEVER SWITCH (APC SW1) S1302 QSL4A13-C03Z LEVER SWITCH (APC SW2) TH001 ERT-D2ZHL503S THERMISTOR X1301 CE40749-001Z CRYSTAL	
X1302 CE40668-001Z CRYSTAL	

MAIN, CRT SOCKET PW BOARD ASS'Y (FX-2050A)

riangle Symbol No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description	Local
V A R I A I R2303 R2306 R2313 R2316 R2323 R2415 R2417 R2420	3 LE RESIS' QVPE805-103H QVPE805-201H QVPE805-103H QVPE805-201H QVPE805-103H QVPC611-501HZ QVPC611-501HZ QVPC611-102HZ	TOR VR(R CUT OFF) VR(R DRIVE) VR(G CUT OFF) VR(G DRIVE) VR(B CUT OFF) VR(V.LIN) VR(V.SIZE) VR(V.SIZE) VR(V.SIZE UNDER)	10k Ω B 200 Ω B 10k Ω B 200 Ω B 10k Ω B 500 Ω B 500 Ω B 1k Ω B	
R2427 R2510 R2514	QVPC611-501HZ QVPC611-502HZ QVPC611-103HZ	V R(V.CENT) V R(H.HOLD) V R(H.POSI)	500 Ω B 5kΩ B 10kΩ B	
RESIST R2304 R2314 R2324 R2421 A R2516 A R2517 A R2518 A R2519 A R2521 A R2529	O R QRG029J-822A QRG029J-822A QRG029J-822A QRX019J-4R7S QRV141F-2701AY QRV141F-6801AY QRZ0054-4R7M QRH017J-150M QRH017J-3R3M QRZ0054-2R2M	OM R OM R OM R MF R MF R MF R F R F R F R F R	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	J J J F F J J J
R2530 R2531 R2532 R2533 R2902 R2903 R2906 R2909	QRX019J-5R6S QRG029J-331 QRG019J-122S QRG019J-681S QRF074K-3R3 QRG039J-223A QRG029J-473 QRM059J-R33	MF R OM R OM R OM R UNF R OM R OM R OM R	$\begin{array}{ccccc} 5.6 & \Omega & 1 \text{W} \\ 330 & \Omega & 2 \text{W} \\ 1.2 \text{k} & \Omega & 1 \text{W} \\ 680 & \Omega & 1 \text{W} \\ 3.3 & \Omega & 7 \text{W} \\ 22 \text{k} & \Omega & 3 \text{W} \\ 47 \text{k} & \Omega & 2 \text{W} \\ 0.33 & \Omega & 9 \text{W} \\ \end{array}$	J J J K J J
A R2911 R2932 A R2961 R2968 R2973 A R2977 A R2978	QRZ0054-4R7M QRX019J-1R0S QRZ0054-180M QRG029J-471A QRG029J-681A QRZ0054-2R2M QRZ0057-825	F R MF R F R OM R OM R F R C R	$\begin{array}{ccccc} 4.7 & \Omega & 1/4 \text{W} \\ & 1 & \Omega & 1 \text{W} \\ 18 & \Omega & 1/4 \text{W} \\ 470 & \Omega & 2 \text{W} \\ 680 & \Omega & 2 \text{W} \\ 2.2 & \Omega & 1/4 \text{W} \\ 8.2 \text{M} & \Omega & 1 \text{W} \\ \end{array}$	J J J J J
C A P A C I C2306 C2307 C2309 C2310 C2402 C2404 C2407 C2408	T O R QEHC2EM-105MZ QCZ0121-102M QEHC2EM-475MZ QEHC1CM-107MZ QFLC1HJ-103MZ QFLC1HJ-682MZ QEE61VK-105BZ QFLC1HJ-223MZ	E CAP. C CAP. E CAP. E CAP. M CAP. M CAP. TAN.CAP. M CAP.	1 µ F 250V 1000 p F 3000V 4.7 µ F 250V 100 µ F 16V 0.01 µ F 50V 6800 p F 50V 1 µ F 35V 0.022 µ F 50V	M P M J J K J
C2409-10 C2414 C2502 C2503 C2505 C2506 C2508 C2510	QFLC1HJ-103MZ QFLC1HJ-223MZ QFLC1HJ-563MZ QFLC1HJ-682MZ QFP31HJ-332SZ QFLC1HJ-222MZ QFV71HJ-474MZ QFLC1HJ-123MZ	M CAP. M CAP. M CAP. M CAP. M CAP. PP CAP. M CAP. TF CAP. M CAP.	0.01 µ F 50V 0.022 µ F 50V 0.056 µ F 50V 6800 p F 50V 2200 p F 50V 0.47 µ F 50V 0.012 µ F 50V	J J J J J J
C2512 C2513 C2515 C2519 C2520 C2525 C2527 C2528	QFLC1HJ-393MZ QFLC1HJ-152MZ QETC1VM-107Z QETC1VM-108Z QFV71HJ-124MZ QFLC1HJ-473MZ QFLC2AK-472MZ QFLC2AK-822MZ	M CAP. M CAP. E CAP. E CAP. TF CAP. M CAP. M CAP. M CAP.	0.039 µ F 50V 1500 p F 50V 100 µ F 35V 1000 µ F 35V 0.12 µ F 50V 0.047 µ F 50V 4700 p F 100V 8200 p F 100V	J M M J K K

<u> </u>	Symbol No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description	Local
<u>^</u>	C A P A C I C2530 C2532 C2533 C2534 C2907 C2908 C2909 C2910	T O R QFZ0117-3801S QFLC2AK-563MZ QETC2EM-106Z QFZ0119-224S QCZ9034-472A QCZ9034-472A QCZ9034-472A QCZ9034-472A	MPP CAP. M CAP. E CAP. MPP CAP. C CAP. C CAP. C CAP. C CAP.	3800 p F1.4kVH ± 2.5% 0.056 µ F 100V K 10 µ F 250V M 0.22 µ F 200V ± 3% 4700 p FAC400V P 4700 p FAC400V P 4700 p FAC400V P 4700 p FAC400V P	
	C2911 C2912 C2913 C2916 C2934 C2936 C2938 C2940	QEZ0199-227R QCF22HP-103M QCZ0122-271U QCZ0122-151U QCZ0122-561A QEZ0203-107 QFM72DK-473M QEZ0203-107	E CAP. CH C CAP. C CAP. C CAP. C CAP. C CAP. E CAP. M CAP. E CAP.	220 µ F 200V P 0.01 µ F 500V P 270 p F 2000V K 150 p F 2000V K 560 p F 2000V K 100 µ F 160V 0.047 µ F 200V K 100 µ F 160V	
	C2959 C2965 C2968	QFV71HJ-224MZ QEM51EM-337M QFLC1HJ-472MZ	TF CAP. E CAP. M CAP.	0.22 μ F 50V J 330 μ F 25V M 4700 p F 50V J	<u></u>
<u>^</u>	T R A N S F T2501 T2502 T2901 T2951 T2952	ORMER CE41106-00C CJ28347-00B CETS034-001J2 A76567-MA CETS072-001	DRIVE TRANSF. HV TRANSF. SWITCH.TRANSF. P.DRIVE TRANSF. SW REACTOR		
	C O I L L2301-03 L2501 L2502 L2931	CELP026-271Z CE40140-00F CELL016-001 CELC058-820Z	PEAKING COIL WIDTH COIL LINEARITY COIL CHOKE COIL	270 µ H	
<u> </u>	D I O D E D2305 D2401 D2402 D2403 D2404 D2501 D2502 D2503-04	RGP10J(C1)-T3 1SS133-T2 MA4051(M)-T2 1SR35-100A-T2 1SS133-T2 MA4068(N)C1-T2 1SS81-T2 RGP10J(C1)-T3	SI.DIODE SI.DIODE ZENER DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE ZENER DIODE ZENER DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE		
	D2505 D2506 D2507 D2508 D2509 D2510 D2511 D2512	RU30-C1 RK14-T3 RD11ES(B3)-T2 RGP10J(C1)-T3 ERD07-15-L RU2-T3 RH1S-T3 1SS133-T2	SI.DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE		
A	D2513 D2901 D2902 D2905 D2931 D2932 D2933 D2935	1SR124-400A-T2 S1VBA60 RU1C-LFC4 AU01Z-T2 RGP10J(C1)-T3 RU3AM-LFC4 MA4180(M)-T2 MA4051(M)-T2	SI.DIODE BRIDGE DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE ZENER DIODE ZENER DIODE		
	D2936 D2951 D2952 D2958 D2962 D2963 D2964 D2965	1SS133-T2 1SR35-100A-T2 1SS146-T2 1SR35-100A-T2 RGP10J(C1)-T3 RD39E(B3)-T5 FML-G14S 1SS133-T2	SI.DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE SI.DIODE		
	TRANS 1 02301-03	I S T O R 2SC2611	SI.TRANSISTOR		

Δ	Symbol No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description	Local
Δ	T R A N S I Q2401 Q2402 Q2403 Q2501 Q2502 Q2503 Q2504 Q2505	S T O R 2SC3311A(QR)-T 2SD1853-T DTC124ES-T 2SC3311A(QR)-T DTC124ES-T 2SC2655(Y)-T 2SD1878-YD IRF620	SI.TRANSISTOR SI.TRANSISTOR DIGI.TRANSISTOR SI.TRANSISTOR DIGI.TRANSISTOR SI.TRANSISTOR SI.TRANSISTOR SI.TRANSISTOR F.E.T.	H.OUT	
^ ∆	Q2506 Q2901 Q2931 Q2932 Q2933 Q2934 Q2935 Q2953	2SC2482(C1)-T IRFIBC40G 2SA949(Y)C1 DTC124ESA-T DTC124ES-T 2SC3311A(QR)-T 2SA1309A(QR)-T 2SC1627A(Y)-T	SI.TRANSISTOR F.E.T. SI.TRANSISTOR DIGI.TRANSISTOR DIGI.TRANSISTOR SI.TRANSISTOR SI.TRANSISTOR SI.TRANSISTOR SI.TRANSISTOR		
	Q2954	2SC2750(L)	SI.TRANSISTOR		
	I C IC2401 IC2402 IC2501 IC2502 IC2931 IC2952	LA7830 TC4052BP HA11423 AN7812F S1854-C1 TA78012AP	I.C.(MONO-ANA) I.C.(DIGI-MOS) I.C.(MONO-ANA) I.C.(MONO-ANA) I.C.(MONO-ANA) I.C.(MONO-ANA)		
	OTHERS CP2931 F2951 K2401-02 K2901 K2903 K2904 K2931 K2933	ICP-N38-Y QMF51E2-4ROS CE41433-001Z CE42050-001Z CE42050-001Z CE41433-001Z CE42050-001Z	I.C.PROTECT FUSE BEADS CORE CORE CORE BEADS CORE CORE CORE	4.0A	
<u>A</u>	PC2901 RY2951 S2501 S2502 SK2001 TH2901	CNY17F-C1 CESK028-001 QSL4A13-C03Z QSL4A13-C03Z CE42554-001 CEKP003-001	I.C.(PH.COUPLER) RELAY LEVER SWITCH LEVER SWITCH C.R.T.SOCKET P.THERMISTOR	(H.SYNC SW) (H.CENT SW)	

CONTROL PW BOARD ASS'Y (FX-4044A)

⚠ Symbol No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description	Local
V A R I A B R4002 R4006 R4007 R4010 R4012 R4015 R4020 R4022	S LE RESIST QVGA004-CB14A QVPC611-103HZ QVGA003-CB14A QVGA003-CB14A QVPC611-103HZ QVPC611-103HZ QVPC611-103HZ QVPC611-103HZ QVGA003-CB14A QVPC611-103HZ	V R(VOLUME) V R(SUB PHASE) V R(PHASE) V R(CHAROMA) V R(SUB CHROMA V R(SUB CHROMA V R(SUB CHROMA V R(SUB CHROMA V R(SUB BRIGHT) V R(SUB BRIGHT) V R(SUB CONT) V R(SUB CONT) V R(SUB CONT)	NTSĆ) 10kΩ B 10kΩ B	
C A P A C I C4001 C4002		E CAP. TF CAP.	22 μ F 16V M 0.1 μ F 50V J	
DIODE D4001	SML1216W	L.E.D.	(POWER LED)	
T R A N S I Q4001-03	S T O R DTC144EKA-X	DIGI.TRANSISTOR		
O T H E R S S4001 S4002	CM46942-A01 QSW0379-001 QSW0379-001	LED HOLDER PUSH SWITCH(UND PUSH SWITCH(INP	ER SCAN,PULSE CROSS,CO UT A/B,EXT SYNC,NTSC/P	LOR OFF,BULE CHECK AL,4:3/16:9)

TALLY PW BOARD ASS'Y (FX-4045A)

riangle Symbol No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description	Local
D I O D E D4002-03	SLR-56DC3F	L.E.D.(ORG)	(TALLY LAMP)	
OTHER	S - CM48038-001	L.E.D.HOLDER		

SUB POWER PW BOARD ASS'Y (FX-9048A)

${\mathbb A}$ Symbol No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description	Local
CAPAC	ITOR			
∆ C9901	OFZ9036-473M	MF CAP.	0.047 μ FAC250V	M
↑ C9902	OFZ9036-473M	MF CAP.	0.047 μ FAC250V	М
A C9904	OCZ9033-472A	C CAP.	4700 p FAc400V	М
↑ C9905	OCZ9033-472A	C CAP.	4700 p FAC400V	М
№ C9906	QCZ9033-472A	C CAP.	4700 p FAC400V	М
OTHER	S			
A F9901	OMF51E2-4ROS	FUSE	4.0A	
	OMCB006-C01	AC INLET		
↑ LF9901	CELF006-001J1	LINE FILTER		
⚠ VA9901	ERZV10V621CS	VARISTOR		

SUB POWER 2 PW BOARD ASS'Y (FX-9054A)

Δ	Symbol No.	Part No.	Part Name	Descripti	on		Local
	VARIAB R9958 R9974	LE RESIST QVPC611-203HZ QVPC611-202HZ	O R V R(BATT PROT) V R(B1 ADJ)	20k Ω 2k Ω			
	RESIST R9972 R9975	O R QRV141F-6801AY QRV141F-1503AY	MF R MF R	6.8kΩ 150kΩ	1/4W 1/4W	F F	
-	CAPACI C9917 C9920 C9921 C9926 C9953 C9956 C9957 C9963	T O R QFLC1HJ-562MZ QFLC1HJ-272MZ QFLC1HJ-332MZ QFLC1HJ-122MZ QETC1VM-106Z QFV71HJ-474MZ QFLC1HJ-123MZ QFV71HJ-105MZ OFLC1HJ-562MZ	M CAP. M CAP. M CAP. E CAP. TF CAP. M CAP. TF CAP. M CAP.	5600 p F 2700 p F 3300 p F 1200 p F 10 µ F 0.47 µ F 0.012 µ F 1 µ F	50V 50V 50V 50V 35V 50V 50V 50V	J J J M J J J	
	D I O D E D9903 D9904 D9907 D9953-55 D9957 D9959-60 D9961	1SS81-T2 MA4150(M)-T2 MA4150(M)-T2 1SS133-T2 MA4051(M)-T2 1SS133-T2 MA4051(M)-T2	SI.DIODE ZENER DIODE ZENER DIODE SI.DIODE ZENER DIODE ZENER DIODE SI.DIODE ZENER DIODE		304		
-	T R A N S I 09902 09951-52 I C IC9901 IC9951 IC9953	S T O R 2SC3311A(QR)-T 2SC3311A(QR)-T AN8026 AN5900 UPC4558C	SI.TRANSISTOR SI.TRANSISTOR I.C.(MONO-ANA) I.C.(MONO-ANA) I.C.(MONO-ANA)				

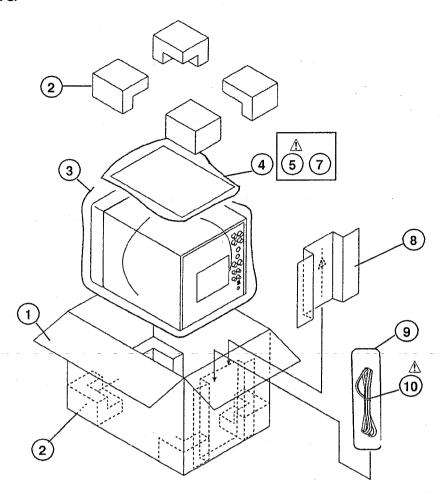
POWER SW 1 PW BOARD ASS'Y (FX-9051A)

⚠ Symbol No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description	Local
OTHERS ∆ S9901	QSW0380-001	PUSH SWITCH	(POWER SW)	• .

POWER SW 2 PW BOARD ASS'Y (FX-9052A)

This PWB ASS'Y has no part to be supplied.

PACKING



PACKING PARTS LIST

Local	Description	Part Name	Part No.	Ref.No.
		PACKING CASE	CP11224-A40	1
	8pcs in 1set	CUSHION ASSY	CP11460-B0A	2
	•	POLY BAG	CP30974-003	3
		POLY BAG	CP30975-001	- 4
		INST.BOOK	CO40285-A01	5
		X-RAY CARD	CM23095-001	7
		PW CORD HOLDER	CP40339-001	8
		POLY BAG	QPGA012-03005	9
		POWER CORD	QMP49082-200K	. 10

TM-1010PN STANDARD CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

■NOTE ON USING CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS 1.SAFETY

The components identified by the Asymbol and shading are critical for safety. For continued safety replace safety critical components only with manufactures recommended parts.

2.SPECIFIED VOLTAGE AND WAVEFORM

The voltage and waveform values have been measured under the following conditions.

(1)Input signal

:Colour bar signal

(2)Setting positions

of each knob/button

and variable resistor

:Original setting position

when shipped

(3)Internal resistance of tester

:DC 20kΩ/V

(4)Oscilloscope sweeping time

٠н ⇒20µS/div

:V ⇒5mS/div

:Others ⇒ Sweeping time is

specified

(5) Voltage values

:All DC voltage values

* Since the voltage values of signal circuit vary to some extent according to adjustments, use them as reference values.

3.INDICATION OF PARTS SYMBOLIEXAMPLE

in the PW board

4.INDICATIONS ON THE CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

(1)Resistors

Resistance value

No unit

Κ

:[KΩ] $[\Omega M]$:

Rated allowable power

No indication :1/6[W]

:As specified

Type

No indication :Carbon resistor

OMR

:Oxide metal film resistor

MFR

:Metal film resistor

MPR

:Metal plate resistor

UNFR

:Uninflammable resistor

FR

:Fusible resistor

* Composition resistor 1/2 [W] is specified as 1/2S or Comp.

(2)Capacitors

Capacitance value

1or higher :[pF]

:[µF] less than 1

Withstand voltage

No indication :DC50[V]

Others

:DC withstand voltage[V]

AC indicated :AC withstand voltage[V] * Electrolytic Capacitors

47/50[Example]:Capacitance value[μ F]/withstand voltage[V]

Type

No indication: Ceramic capacitor

MY

:Mylar capacitor

MM

:Metalized mylar capacitor

PP

:Polypropylene capacitor

MPP

:Metalized polypropylene capacitor

MF

:Metalized film capacitor

TF

:Thin film capacitor

BP

:Bipolar electrolytic capacitor

TAN

:Tantalum capacitor

(3)Coils No unit

Others

:[µH]

:As specified

(4)Power Supply

:B1

:B2(12V) _____:5V

* Respective voltage values are indicated.

(5)Test Point

: Test point

: Only test point display

(6)Connecting method



: Connector : Wrapping or soldering

: Receptacle

(7)Ground symbol

: LIVE side ground

: ISOLATED(NEUTRAL) side ground

: EARTH ground : DIGITAL ground

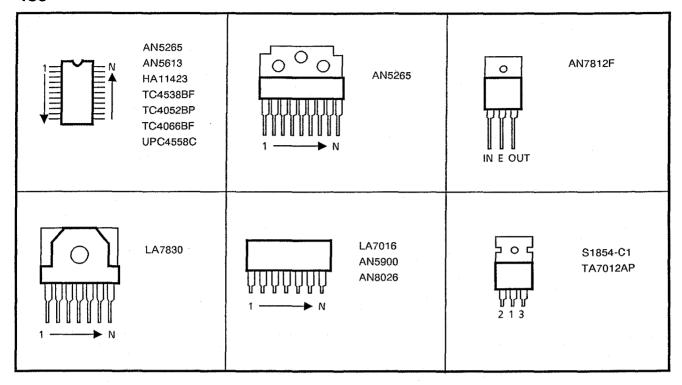
5.NOTE FOR REPAIRING SERVICE

This model's power circuit is partly different in the GND. The difference of the GND is shown by the LIVE: (山) side GND and the ISOLATED(NEUTRAL): (#) side GND. Therefore, care must be taken for the following points.

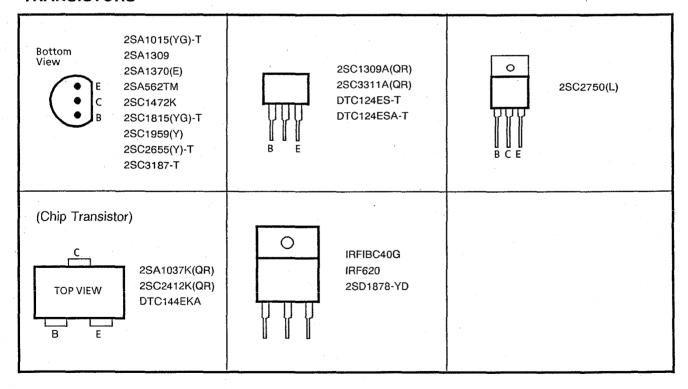
- (1) Do not touch the LIVE side GND or the LIVE side GND and the ISOLATED(NEUTRAL) side GND simultaneously. If the above caution is not respected, an electric shock may be caused. Therefore, make sure that the power cord is surely removed from the receptacle when, for example, the chassis is pulled out.
- (2) Do not short between the LIVE side GND and ISOLATED(NEUTRAL) side GND or never measure with a measuring apparatus (oscilloscope, etc.) the LIVE side GND and ISOLATED(NEUTRAL) side GND at the same time. If the above precaution is not respected, a fuse or any parts will be broken.
- Since the circuit diagram is a standard one, the circuit and circuit constants may be subject to change for improvement without any notice.

SEMICONDUCTOR SHAPES

ICs

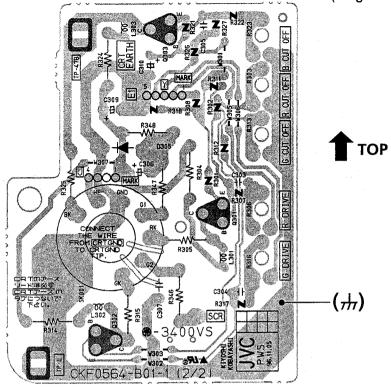


TRANSISTORS



[FX-2050A]

(Magnification Rate 95%)

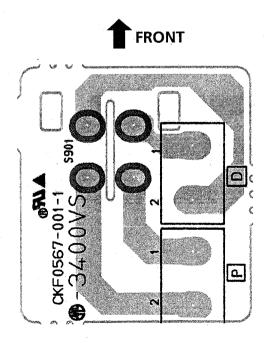


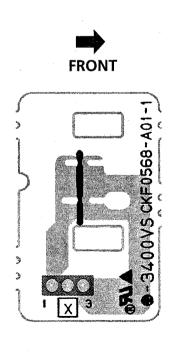
POWER SW1 PWB PATTERN (1) POWER SW2 PWB PATTERN (2) TALLY PWB PATTERN (3) [FX-9051A]

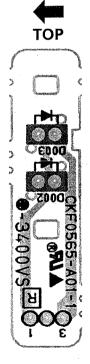
[FX-9052A]

[FX-4045A]

(Magnification Rate 170%)







(1)

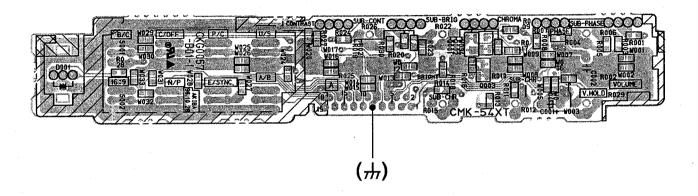
(2)

(3)

[FX-4044A]

(Magnification Rate 103%)



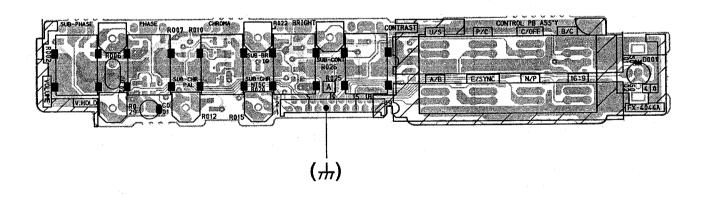


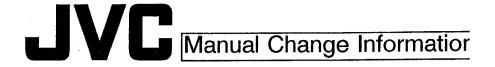
CONTROL PWB PATTERN (PARTS SIDE)

[FX-4044A]

(Magnification Rate 103%)







SERVICE MANUAL

COLOUR VIDEO MONITOR

TM-1010PN

BASIC CHASSIS

B10

Since some details of the TM-1010PN service manual (No.51180, Jan. 1997) were incorrect, we are informing you of these errors and of the correct descriptions.

1.CORRECTED ITEMS

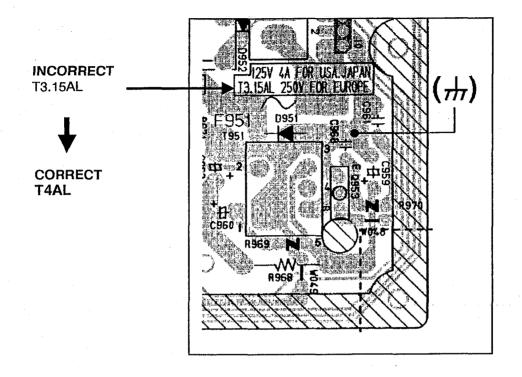
SUB POWER PW BOARD PARTS LIST (FX-9048A) (Page 29) SUB POWER PW BOARD CIRCUIT DIAGRAM (FX-9048A) (Page 2-9)

PARTS No. SYMBOL DESCRIPTION **PARTS NAME** Λ INCORRECT CORRECT No. PARTS No. PARTS No. **FUSE** F9901 QMF51E2-4R0S QMF51E2-3R15J4 (3.15A)(F901) (4A)

MAIN, CRT SOCKET PW BOARD PARTS LIST (FX-2050A) (Page 28) MAIN PW BOARD CIRCUIT DIAGRAM (FX-2050A) (Page 2-9)

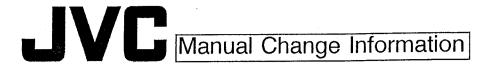
	SYMBOL No. PARTS No.	PARTS No.			
Δ			CORRECT PARTS No.	PARTS NAME	DESCRIPTION
	Q2932 (Q932)	DTC124ESA-T	2SC2229(Y)-T	SI. TRANSISTOR	

MAIN PW BOARD PATTERN (FX-2050A) (Page 2-14)





VICTOR COMPANY OF JAPAN,LIMITED
TELEVISION RECEIVER DIVISION 1106 Heta,lwai-city,lbaraki-prefecture,306-06,Japan



SERVICE MANUAL

COLOUR VIDEO MONITOR

TM-1010PN

BASIC CHASSIS

B10

Since some details of the TM-1010PN service manual (No.51180, Jan. 1997) were incorrect, we are informing you of these errors and of the correct descriptions.

■ CORRECTED ITEMS

1.EXPLODED VIEW PARTS LIST [page 21]

⚠ Ref.No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description	Local
31 Δ 32 33 34 35	CM23130-A0A CM22867-A27(R) CM44287-00C CM12879-00A PU46361-2	REAR PANEL ROLL R LABEL ASSY SCREW TOP COVER ASSY HANDLE	(×4)	CORRECTION
				CM12879-00 B

2.PACKING PARTS LIST [page 31]

⚠ Ref.No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description	Local
	CQ40285-A01 CM23095-001 CP40339-001 OPGA012-03005	INST.BOOK X-RAY CARD PW CORD HOLDER POLY BAG		
<u>↑</u> 10	QMP49082-200K	POWER CORD		CORRECTION
				QMP490 <u>8</u> -200K



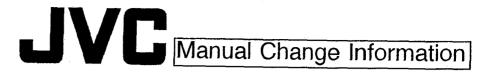
VICTOR COMPANY OF JAPAN, LIMITED

TELEVISION RECEIVER DIVISION 1106 Heta, Iwai-city, Ibaraki-prefecture, 306-06, Japan

TM-1010PN



Printed in Japa NP9702 NP0314



SERVICE MANUAL

COLOUR VIDEO MONITOR

TM-1010PN

BASIC CHASSIS

B10

Since some details of the TM-1010PN service manual (No.51180, Jan. 1997) were changed, we are informing you of these changes and of the new descriptions.

1.OUTLINE OF CHANGES

The circuit has been changed as follows in order to accommodate the DVD copy guard.

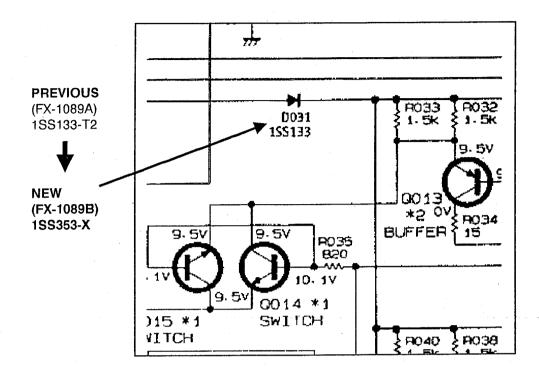
2.CHANGED ITEMS

SIGNAL PW BOARD CIRCUIT DIAGRAM (Page 2-7~2-8)

SIGNAL PW BOARD PARTS LIST (Page 23~24)

Δ	SYMBOL No.	PARTS No.			
		PREVIOUS	NEW	PARTS NAME	DESCRIPTION
\triangle		FX-1089A	FX-1089B	SIGNAL PWB A'SSY	
	D031 (D1031)	1SS133-T2	1SS353-X	SI. DIODE	
	R875 (R1875)		QRSA08J-473YL	CH MG RESISTOR	47ΚΩ
	R876 (R1876)		QRSA08J-104YL	CH MG RESISTOR	100ΚΩ
	R877 (R1877)		QRSA08J-102YL	CH MG RESISTOR	1ΚΩ
	C823 (C1823)		NCT03CH-102AY	CHIP CAPACITOR	0.001μF 50V

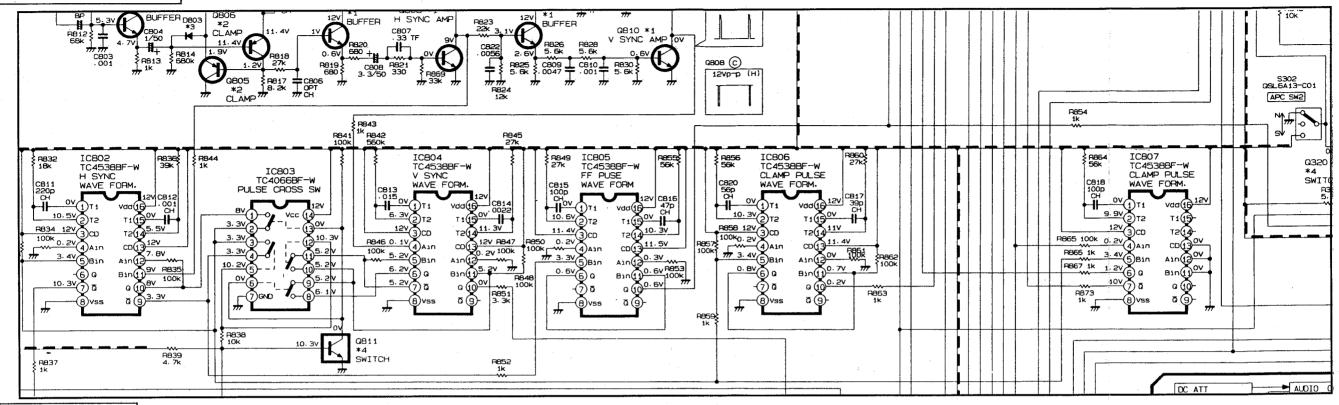
SIGNAL PW BOARD CIRCUIT DIAGRAM(Page 2-8)



TM-1010PN TM-1010PN

SIGNAL PW BOARD CIRCUIT DIAGRAM(Page 2-7~2-8)

PREVIOUS (FX-1089A)



NEW (FX-1089B)

